

13CCE

VOL. XXXVIII, No. 3.

HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1903-SEMI-WEEKLY,

WHOLE No. 2451.

CZAR COSSULTS THE SPRI WORLD ON STATE POLICY

interesting Glimpses of the World's Affairs Through the Agency of Associated Press.

Mrs. McKinley's Tournament Prize---Argentine Schools---Amending Football Rules---Reminiscence of Meyerling---Knocked Out by Fitzsimmons---Acre Incident.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.- A curious story regarding the Czar who, as is well known, has of late years taken a great interest in spiritualism, comes from St. Petersburg through private sources, says the Tribune's London correspondent. This story is to the effect that The Hague conference was the direct result of a spiritualistic scance, at which, having received a call, Emperor Nicholas was told that it was his duty to bring about peace in the world.

Mrs. McKinley's Prize.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Mrs. McKinley has given a prize to be contested for at the progressive euclire to be held at the Waldorf-Astoria under the auspices of the Alumnae of St. Joseph's Academy, of this city, on the evening of January 7th.

Argentine Schools.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Twenty-five women school feachers went from the United States to the Argentine republic a few years ago for the purpose of introducing American educational methods into that country. The result is that the schools of the great republic of the south are now modeled upon the system born and developed here. As a further result Argentina has sent James H. Fitzsimmons, director of the National School of Commerce of Buenos Ayres, as latest school methods, to buy school supplies and to engage seven competent educators as directors of the new normal schools that are to be opened next year.

Mr. Fitzsimmons has been in consultation with Mayor Low and with Superintendent Maxwell of the New York schools and from both of them received promises of assistance in making his mission success. He will visit Washington for a conference with the Argentine minister. Before returning to South America he will make tour of the United States, studying the common school systems in the various States. He will also visit the Universities where thirty Argentine youths are being educated at the expense of their gov-

Reminiscence of Meyerling

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.— The body of Harris Tranquiline, the cab driver who drove Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria and was witness to the nobleman's murder, in Meyerling, Austria, in 1889, will be removed to Vienna after having lain in potter's field on Ward's island, since 1895.

Tranquiline died in the insane asylum at Ward's island in May, 1805, after having lived in this country since the time he was hurried iere two weeks after his master's death, his pockets filled with gold. In Vienna Tranquiline won the friendship of the Crown Prince Rudolph by his remarkable presence, his conviviality and his courte-Mis manners. He was known as "Baron Shan" and was present at he Meyerling castle on the fatal night of January 30, 1889, when his

naster and the Baroness Vetsera met their tragic death. Hurried to this country by the imperial family in their efforts in hush up the scandal, he became a favorite among the Austrians of the East Side. Tranquiline after losing his money, became a national at Bellevue Hospital and later was sent to the Ward's island sylum to die. It was on his death bed that he told of the details of he famous double tragedy.

Amending Football Rules.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—It is asserted by persons usually wellnformed in such matters that the intercollegiate football rules comattee will have to abolish mass plays before the beginning of next cason or, that failing such action on the part of the committee, the uthorities of a number of the universities will take such steps that he framers of the rules will be forced to legislate against the close ormation method of attack. A statement to this effect was made evently by the president of an eastern university and since that it as become known that various college authorities have had conderable correspondence regarding the objections to the present ethods of play and that Chairman Walter Camp of the rules comsittee has written to the universities regarding the advisability of lling a meeting of the committee in January for revising the rules.

Those who run the faculty end of athletics in the colleges are, said, just about unanimous for a radical alteration of the rules. the say that the physical well-being of the young men committed o reir charge, if nothing else, demands a change that football, as it played today, has come to be too much a contest involving mere rule force and that the injuries sustained in the game now are too erious and too numerous to permit of its continuance in its present

Minister Bowen Is Recalled to Washington to Present Castro's Case Queen Alexandra's Candidate, the to the English and German Commission-Latest From the Caribbean.



(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS,)

CARACAS, Jan. 8.—United States Minister Bowen has received orders to leave Venezuela for Washington to present the Venezuelan case to the British and German Commission.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan 8.—United States Minister Bowen cables from Venezuela that President Castro is now willing to submit without further difficulty to The Hague conference settlement of the disputes between Venezuela and Germany, Great Britain and Italy European advices indicate the willingness of both England and Germany to settle the matter amicably without invoking the machinery of The Hague tribunal, and it is therefore hoped that a settlement will be reached without formal arbitration. The latest proposal is that Minister Bowen and the British, German and Italian embassa dors at Washington act as a commission to settle the dispute.

THE PHILIPPINES TO HAVE A NATIVE CONSTABULARY

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The House has passed the Philippine Constabulary bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.— The Senate Committee on the Philippines has reported favorably on the bill appropriating \$2,-500,000 for the purchase by the government of animals for farming use for Filipinos who have lost their work-animals in the epidemic of rinderpest or "surra" which preceded the cholera outbreak.

Brewster Cameron, representing the Manila Chamber of Commerce, has been in Washington several weeks working in the interests of legislation for the Philippines and chiefly for this bill Through the appropriation it is hoped to give agriculture in the Philippines a fresh start. By the restocking of the country with the water buffalo the rice plantations can again be worked on a large (Continued on page 7.)

FARMING IN THE PHILIPPINES

DAVIDSON IS THE **NEW ARCHBISHOP** OF CANTERBURY

Young Bishop of London, Is Not Chosen.

The King Prefers the Bishop of Winchester Who Comforted Queen Victoria in Her Last Illness---Succeeds Dr. Frederick Temple.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Jan. 8.—King Edward today appointed as Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Randall Thomas Davidson, who has been Bishop of Winchester since 1895.

The appointment of the aged Bishop to the highest office in the Church of England is the result of the King's good feeling for the prelate who attended and comforted Queen Victoria during her last moments. The Bishop was a favorite of the Queen and King Edward wished to advance him as a fitting reward for his untiring devotion to the throne.

There were three candidates for the position, the Bishops of Ripon, London and Winchester.

The Bishop of London, a radicalist in church matters, known as the Phillips Brooks of London, was a favorite of Queen Alexandra for the See of Canterbury, and court gossip declared that the Queen's influence would elect him. During his illness a few weeks ago the Queen sent one of her own nurses to attend him. In making the appointment of Bishop Davidson, the King is said to have been influenced against the Bishop of London because of his youth.

WITHDRAW OPPOSITION TO CUBAN RECIPROCITY

But Beet Sugar Men Ask That No More Concession Be Granted to Philippine Tobacco and Sugar Growers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The American Beet Sugar Association has passed resolutions withdrawing its opposition to Cuban reciprocity but recommending that the treaty be amended so that, during the period of five years covered by that instrument no sugar exported from Cuba shall be admitted to the United States at a reduced duty greater than twenty per cent of the rates of duty thereon as provided by the tariff act of 1897. The Association also adopted resolutions protesting against unnecessary stimulation of the sugar and tobacco industries of the Philippines by further tariff

Plague at Ensenada.

SAN FRANCISSO, Jan. 8.— Bubonic plague is causing much alarm in Mazatlan, Mexico, and Ensenada, Lower California. The port of Mazatlan is quarantined. There have been an alarming number of cases in both cities and the utmost precautions are being taken.

Both the American and Mexican governments are active in efforts to prevent the further spread of the disease, and vessels entering or leaving Mazatlan are subjected to the most rigid rules.

Drop in Refined Sugar.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8 .- The Western Sugar Refining Company has reduced the price of sugar twenty cents a hundred pounds. The drop is not explained. The refined article was recently raised to a top point and remained stationary for several weeks.

HAWAII'S AFFAIRS AT WASHINGTON

(Special to the Advertiser from Washington.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 22.—Congress has adjourned for the holiday recess and there is a general suspension of business of a legislative character at the Capitol. But before the adjournment some progress had been made with matters of particular interest to Hawaii.

First of all it may be said that the immigration bill, which caused a scare for those here who are looking after Hawaiian interests, is in more hopeful shape. There was a halt in its consideration several days before the Senate adjourned for the holidays. Good judges now regard it as doubtful whether it will pass at all and, if it should pass, the educational test will be eliminated. That can be said with pretty good assurance. Representative Shattuc, of Cincinnati, Ohio, the Chairman of the House immigration committee and in a large sense the father of the present bill, told me day before yesterday that the bill was probably dead. He lamented that, for he is a firm believer in the provisions of the measure, although he warned its friends last winter that the educational test could never be pushed through the Senate at a short session of Congress. It is the the educational test which has the most objectional provisions as far as Hawaii is concerned.

Mr. William Haywood, who has been working night and day to defeat the immigration bill, during the last three weeks, is feeling far more hopeful about it than heretofore. Several other incomplete matters of legislation are pending before the Senate, including the militia bill and the general staff bill will be interjected into the proceedings soon after the holidays. Then the statehood bill is dragging along, the Senate debating all those projects now before them, whenever there is opportunity aside from the routine business of the morn ing hour, which extends from noon till 2 p. m. That condition, while it cannot be made plain in detail, really favors the defeat of the immigration bill, as those who are informed on the mysteries of Senate procedure, all agree. The danger is by no means past but conditions are decidedly hopeful.

The Cuban reciprocity treaty will also, in all probability, become a subject of debate in the Senate sometime during January and that will tend to ward off immediate consideration of the immigration bill. While Hawaii may not particularly desire the ratification of that treaty its ratification is regarded here as of far less danger to Hawaiian interests than the passage of the educational test in the immigration

THE CUBAN TREATY'S PROSPECTS.

On the surface it would seem as though the Cuban treaty would be ratified at an early date but, below the surface, there are many obstacles, which may delay it a long time or which may eventually defeat it altogether. The opposition to it from the beet sugar Senators is far less violent than was the case last summer but some of the Senators who are friendly to it insist that treaty of amity with Cuba, by which a coaling station will be assured, should first be framed and ratified by the Cuban Senate. When that is done, these Senators say there will be time enough to ratify the reciprocity provisions. Then there is a formidable contingent in the House of Representatives who are organizing to force the Senate to allow the House to pass upon the treaty also. "Uncle Joe" Cannon, the speaker of the next House, is one of those who claims that the Senate has no constitutional power to undertake the reduction of tariff schedules without the sanction of the House. The disposition is to force the constitutional question to the front and have it tested by the courts, if the Senate should persist in its program. These and still other details may, perhaps, block the ratification of the treaty and, possibly, defeat it altogether. The attitude of the Cuban House of Representatives in opposing the cession of any land for a coaling station is causing some concern in Congress, where the land for a coaling station is generally regarded as of more importance to us than the cut in tariff schedules.

AMERICAN REGISTER FOR PIONEER.

The Senate Committee on Commerce has made a favorable report on a bill to grant American registry for the Pioneer, the steamer which was built in Germany for Hackfeld and Company.

PROGRESS OF THE FIRE CLAIMS BILL.

Good progress is being made on the fire claims bill. As I telegraphed by the Nippon Maru several days ago, it was passed in the Senate without debate. Mr. Foraker, chairman of the committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico, brought the bill up one afternoon, when the Senate was in quiet mood and nobody apparently disposed to talk and oppose. The bill slipped through as easily as though it had been a measure to increase a pension for some veteran from \$8 to \$17 a month instead of an appropriation of \$1,000,000. It remains now for the House to act and the chances are promising.

Representative Hamilton, of Mich, the acting chairman of the House committee on territories, told me a few days ago that the bill would probably come out of the committee with a favorable report. The sub-committee is still laboring with the subject but nothing further will be done until after the holidays. Mr J. G Pratt is watching the measure carefully but is hopeful. He has yet to determine the attitude of "Uncle Joe" Cannon, whose opposition to the measure on the floor would be serious, although, perhaps, not fatal to it.

There will be a cessation in activity in behalf of all Hawaiian matters here for quite a couple of weeks, when Congress assembles again. A coal famine at the Capital is the item of chief general interest but the Venezuelan controversy is keeping interest alive. There is no belief that there will be general warfare in the Caribbean right away and probably long before this letter reaches Honolulu, the new cable will tell of the completion of negotiations for arbitration. ERNEST G. WALKER.

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE ADVERTISER.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan 6.—The sub-committee of the Senate Committee on the Pacific Islands and Porto Rico, consisting of Senators Mitchell, Foster and Burton, who visited the Territory of Hawasi during the summer, have made their report. They recommend:

PASSAGE OF THE KOHALA DITCH BILL.

PAYMENT OF THE FIRE CLAIMS. CONTROL BY THE UNITED STATES OF THE PUBLIC LANDS OF HAWAII IN TWO DISTRICTS WITH HEAD-QUARTERS AT HONOLULU AND HILO.

IMMEDIATE SUSPENSION OF THE LAND LEASE SYS-

THE SALE OF PUNCHBOWL AND KAPIOLANI LANDS

TO THE PRESENT SUB-LESSEES TREASURY CONTROL OF ALL LEPERS, INCLUDING

THOSE OF THE MAINLAND, AT MOLOKAI A BOUNTY OF FOUR CENTS ON HAWAHAN-GROWN

COFFEE HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING A BREAK-

WATER FOR HILO

CODIFICATION OF THE LAWS LIGHTHOUSES TO PE TRANSFERRED TO FEDERAL

LAND AND FORESTRY INVESTIGATIONS

IMMEDIATE ORGANIZATION OF MUNICIPAL GOVERN E G WALKER. MENTS

PITTSBURG, Jan 7—Eight men were killed and five injured in a train collision on the Pennsylvania railroad

KNOX ASKS CONGRESS TO FIGHT THE TRUSTS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 6.—Attorney-General Knox has made his first move for legislation to control the trusts. He has dispatched identical letters to Senator Hoar and Representative Littlefield, chairmen of the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary respectively. suggesting legislation against corporations giving or receiving advantages which enable discriminative prices to be made. He especially urges such action against the common carriers. He thinks present laws insufficient but urges caution in the development of legislation that will correct the trust abuses.

Mr. Knox holds strong views on the trust question. He believes



ATTORNEY-GENERAL P. C. KNOX WHO ASKS CONGRESS TO LEGISLATE AGAINST THE TRUSTS.

that trusts should be regulated by law and that those which furnish products consisting of the necessaries of life should be forced to regularly and reasonably supply the public needs.

In a speech recently he stated that he considered that the chief evils of the trusts were: "Overcapitalization, lack of publicity of operation. discrimination in prices to destroy competition, insufficient personal responsibility of officers, for corporate management, tendency to monopoly, and lack of appreciation in their management of their relations to the people, for whose benefit they are permitted to exist."

Senator Cullom introduced a bill on Dec. 2nd to amend the Sherman anti-trust law, the amendment providing that interstate commerce in articles produced by trusts be prohibited, the penalty for violations being a fine of from \$500 to \$5,000.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

The non-contiguous territory of the United States is supplying a arge and growing market to the producers and manufacturers of the U. S. The October statement of the Treasury Bureau of Statistics shows that the shipments of merchandise from the U. S. to Porto Rico in the ten months ending with October, 1902, amounted to practically \$10,000,000—a million dollars a month—against 64 millions in the corresponding months of last year. To the Philippines the shipments partment was passed by the House today. in the ten months ending with October were over four million dollars, against a little over three millions in the corresponding months of last year, and two and three-fourths in the same months of 1900. To the Hawaiian Islands the collection of statistics of shipments was only resumed with the month of June, and the figures therefore do not cover the ten months' period as is the case in the commerce with Porto Rico and the Philippines; but the annual shipments from the U. S. to the Hawaiian Islands are estimated at about \$20,000,000 per annum. To Alaska, the record of shipments was begun with June, and amounted during the four months ending with October to nearly \$3,000,000. The figures at hand for these four non-contiguous territories-Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippines and Alaska-indicator that they will furnish during the year about to end a market for about \$40,000,000 worth of the products of the U.S., chiefly agricultural and manufactured products.

On the import side the report of the Bureau of Statistics indicates that these island territories are also contributing largely to the growing demand of the United States for tropical products. In the ten months ending with October, the shipments from Hawaii to the United States amounted in round terms to twenty-one million dollars, and those from Porto Rico to the United States to nearly nine millions, against six and one-half millions in the corresponding months of last year; while from the Philippines the receipts were over seven million dollars and from Alaska over eight million dollars, in the four months ending with October These figures indicate that the annual contribution of tropical products by the tropical territory under the control of the United States will amount in the present year to about fortyfive million dollars, and that the receipts of merchandise from Alaska will amount to fifteen million dollars, making the total receipts of merchandise from the non-contiguous territory nearly or quite sixty million dollars in value, and the shipments from the United States to that territory forty million dollars

The principal articles received from the territory in question are: from Hawaii, sugar, amounting in the ten months ending with October to six hundred and forty-five million pounds valued at twenty miltion dollars; from Porto Rico, sugar and molasses, amounting to six and a half million dollars, and tobacco, nearly two millions, from the Philippines manila hemp, amounting in value to over seven million dol lars in the ten months ending with October; from Alaska, salmon, amounting to nearly seven and a half million dollars in the four months ending with October -:0:~

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

SEATTLE, Jan 6-The Norwegian bark Prince Albert, in com mand of Captain Hansen, was wrecked off the Washington coast to day, while coming through a gale in an effort to find Cape Flattery. Eighteen lives were lost. Only two of the crew were saved.

The bark is reported to have left Capetown, South Africa, for Puget Sound on Nov 19th, and she had made a record passage

The Prince Albert was a vessel of 1498 tons and was bound to the Sound for a cargo of lumber which she would have taken to Port Pirie, South Australia.

(By Wireless Telegraph)

From Scott, Kihei, to the Advertiser

KIHFI, Jan 6-No person injuired Woodwork at top of shaft caught fire with building. Closed mouths of both shalts with heavy boards and earth. Cannot say how deep shaft is burnt. Building and small oil tank destroyed in one hour. Cause of oil action unaccountable Can begin pumping again in three months.

THE JURY ACQUITS IN MARRIOTT CASE

(ASBOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Thomas H. Williams, Jr., and Truxton Beale have been acquitted of the murderous assault on Frederick Marriott, editor of the News-Letter. The two men called at the house of Mr. Marriott, who admitted them. Williams then opened fire wounding Marriott twice. Marriott had, in his paper, slandered Miss Marie Oge, Mr. Beale's fiancee.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 6.—Great Britain has protested against Russian warships being allowed by Turkey to pass through the Dardanelles. She insists that the permission granted for Russian warships to pass the straits should be revoked or that she should immediately be granted similar privileges.

The protest and alternate demand has caused excitement as it is said that the other powers will join Great Britain in demanding that the Dardanelles be thrown open. Russia is irritated because of this demand and a diplomatic contest will be waged over the matter even if nothing worse occurs. The Dardanelles are Turkey's battlements and many believe that if

Russia is allowed to maintain a right to pass them that a partition of the Turkish empire may ultimately result. Turkey's navy is old and useless and unable to protect the capital, Constantinople, so that if Russia can send vessels of war through the Dardanelles, on through the Sea of Marmora, and then on past the capital and through the Bosphorus into the Black Sea she will have Turkey absolutely at her mercy. This is the only entrance to the Black Sea, and Russia can hold a big fleet there. The famous Dardanelles form a long, tortuous and narrow passage,

swept by a strong current. Their average width is only two miles and at the narrowest point the channel is only one thousand yards broad. The land on either side is covered with forts and forms a magnificent defense for Constantinople from the sea and the only danger to the capital would be in allowing war vessels to get through and then take the city which is exposed on the shore of the Sea of Marmora.

Centuries ago the Turks realized the importance of the Dardanelles and accordingly took steps to fortify their position there. As early as 1453 forts were built and they have been replaced with modern armament frequently since that time.

Back in 1809 England recognized the Sultan's right to exclude the warships of foreign nations from the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus; but it was not until 1841 that the other great powers joined with her Fearful of Russian influence in the Ottoman empire, England, France, Prussia and Austria began to take an active interest in the Eastern situation. The result of their intervention was a treaty between them, Turkey and Russia, drawn up in 1840 and 1841 by which all the powers agreed to observe the right of the Porte to exclude from the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus the warships of foreign nations. This principle was reaffirmed in the Treaty of Paris in 1856 and has been reaffirmed by the powers in every treaty drawn up between them

The United States was not a party to any of these treaties and had always maintained its right to send men-of-war through the straits. In 1856 the U.S. frigate Wabash ran through the straits, past the forts, and up to Constantinople, the commander claiming his right to do so since his government was not a party to the treaties. The Porte received him in a not unfriendly manner but did not abate the Turkish claim to exclude the war vessels of all nations.

By permitting the Russians to pass their vessels through the Sultan has given away his birthright and serious trouble may thus be brought about, as Russia must have wielded tremendous influence in order to get him to concede.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM,)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The General Staff Bill of the War De-

The bill creates a General Staff for the army similar in a few ways to those of Germany and France but differing in many respects owing to the different forms of government in the three countries. The General Staff is created as a department of the army which will overlook the entire field of existing and possible military operations. Its duty will be to know all possible points of military conditions in all countries, their geography and defences, and matters which would come up should we go to war with any foreign power.

This bill does not provide for an increase of the number of officers or men in the army. There is to be a Chief of Staff who will be selected from the senior officers of the army by the President. The office of Lieutenant General commanding will end with Gen. Miles" incumbency. The other members of the general staff are to be selected from officers of the army and all will work as one great bureau, serving terms in it of a certain length.

The General Staff is so designed that the President and Secretary of War may have the advice and counsel of the best military experts that can be given them by the Chief of Staff, whom the President himself will select from among the general officers of the army and supporting the chief of staff will be a board of military experts.

In this way the President and Secretary of War may be given the information necessary for an intelligent and efficient administration of the army. The bill also serves to accentuate in a general way the subordination of the military to the civil authority. It is expected to clear up many of the present evils of army organization and by doing away with confusion allow army work to be performed in the best

The General Staff will probably constitute a body of men of mature years who in future military operations will insure intelligent work on well-laid plans and perfect combinations of effort against any possible enemy of the United States.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Jap. 5.—In a lengthy message to the Legislature on its opening today Governor William Stone reviews the disastrous effects of the coal strike on Pennsylvania's industries and urges that a law be passed compelling compulsory arbitration of labor diffi-

During the height of the coal strike the Governor tried his best to settle it by arbitration but failing, it was difficult at times to know whether he was on the side of the miners or on the side of the operators. He ordered out the entire militia of the state to protect nonunion miners and mine property during the time that the strike was on and many miners condemned him for this action.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—In closing his stormy administration as Governor of the State of California, Henry T. Gage today sent a long message to the Legislature in which he says a few plain things. He reiterates his former official assertion that there had been no bubonic plague in San Francisco. In very strong language he scores, Dr. J J Kinyoun, the marine hospital service official in charge of the port who declared that the outbreak was bubonic plague. He calls attention to the great injury that has been done throughout the United States and in foreign ports to San Francisco owing to the marine doctor declaring that San Francsico was an infected port as bubonic plague existed.

BERLIN, Jan. 6 - The joint reply of the powers to President Cantro's qualified acceptance of arbitration was given today. A settlement may possibly be reached without arbitration. The powers do not abandon any reservations contained in the original proposals.

Business Men to Take Up Two Fights.

Honolulu will not sit idle while Congress considers the report of the subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico, but steps have already been taken looking to the bringing to the notice of the friends of the Islands at Washington the points which bear the approval of the investigating Senators, but which here are believed to make for the worst possible future of the Territory.

Vice President Cooke yesterday afternoon issued a call for a special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to be held this morning, at which steps will be taken to bring to the attention of the National legislature the many arguments against the carrying out of the entire program of the sub-committee, and President Macfarlane, of the Merchants Association will, during the day, call a meeting of that body to swing its influence into line with the older organization. The cable will be called into play and the protests of the business community will be speedily laid before the men upon whose action will rest the decision upon subjects which are considered vital by the peo-

Without exception, almost, the men who have to do with the business of the Territory are amazed by the report of the committee as outlined in the cablegrams to the Advertiser. While many of them will not publicly discuss the subject until they have before them the whole matter in the form of the report to the parent committee, others there are who think the few reccommendations of benefits for the Territory are more than overshadowed by the blows at commerce and industry concealed in the recommendations as to lands and lepers.

C. M. Cooke said that he considered if carried into law by Congress, would parelyze the industry through which the Islands thrive. He continued: "There can be no other feeling among the business men of the Islands than that the system which has been carefully evolved here is for the best interest of all. The conditions are so different here from what they are in the mainland territories and states, that no superficial inquiry can determine the best plan for the holding and distribution of the land. The system of leases under which the sugar estates hold the lands which they make tillable through -bringing water upon them is one which is of benefit both to the industry and mean the return of much of the land to the desert

"It would be an outrage for the United States to make this country a dumping ground for the lepers of the entire nation. It would place a stigma upon the land which would never be removed and there would be for all time a fear on the part of the people of the mainland that if they came here they would be in danger of contamination. It would be disastrous.

"The recommendation of the committee as to the coffee bounty, if it should become law, would mean a revival of that industry; and the improvement of the harbors and taking over of the system of lighthouses would be an aid to commerce. The payment of the fire claims is to be laken as an expression of favor to the people here, and, speaking generally, the other recommendations are good 0006."

President Macfarlane of the Merchants' Association was highly indigmant over the pronouncement of the sub-committee relating to the leprosy matter. He said:

"To brand Hawaii as the National lamentic would mean that we might as well give over all plans for the attraction here of tourists, for they would not come willingly to a place which is known as the dumping ground for it would be a terrible thing for the says a Utica (N. Y.) dispatch to the people now at Molokai to be turned over to the mercies of officials alien to habits and bistory. The lepers of Mo- a minute and rotated by an electric

that we the world of Rayell. Ther have the best of care possible, and to mix with them Anglo-Saxon lepers would mean disorder, even riots, all the time. They would be dissimilar in tastes and habits, and there would be, as a result, continual trouble,

"On the subject of the lands, I can say only that I endorse everything that was said before the committee by Governor Dole. The system of land laws here, it seems to me, has grown up under conditions which have rendered them necessary and they cannot be wiped out without producing great distress. There would be much trouble in anjusting the country to conditions such as obtain in the United States. and I fear that it would cripple the main industry of the country.

"It is gratifying to hear that the committee favors the payment of the fire claims, for I was exceedingly careful in submitting the testimony desired on that point. The other recommendations would tend to improve the conditions here very much."

W. M. Giffard, of Irwin & Co., said that he had pronounced views upon the matter of the land system. "I believe that the recommendation for investigations of the land and forestry questions in the Islands should come first, and I am sure that a committee sent here for simply that purpose, without politics entering in, would result in a satisfactory solution. The carrying out of the plans of the committee as to the lands and leases would seriously cripple the sugar industry, which is the leading one of the country. It would be fatal to some of the plantations and the lands would be of no service to settlers, if they should be Jut up.

"The proposal to bring lepers here would be an outrage upon the community. The people do not want it. They have spoken, and the defeat of Wilcox was due in no small part to his advocacy of this very plan. It would bring a discordant element into the fettlement, and the result would be far from satisfactory. The bounty for Hawaiian coffee would result in stimulating the industry, and the provision for harbor improvements and the Federal control of lighthouses would mean a great deal for the shipping interests. In general the recommendations are for the good of the people, but the two mentioned offset any other possible good that might come from all the others."

"I cannot discuss the subject at length uptil I have seen the report,' said F. M. Swanzy, "but I cannot feel that the recommendations as now given are very much at variance with the opinions expressed by the members of the commission while here. I think, in general, the recommendations for the fire claims, the coffee bounty, the lighthouses and harbors are in the right line, but radical changes in system. like those implied by the taking away from local control of the lands and the cessation of the lease system, would work ill to the interests of the business community."

Alexander Isonberg, president of the ommendations as to lands, Sugar Planters' Association, was of the opinion that there could be no good from the land and leper recommendations. He said, on the latter subject:

"There is a feature which must not be lost to sight. There would be no tourists come to Hawaii, if it vas known that lepers were being brought down from the mainland. The people who travel would avoid lines of transportation which were even supposed to carry lepers. There would have to be a special ship to bring them, for the regular lines could not do so. The knowledge of the fact that Hawaii had been turned into a lazaretto would work incurable harm. I cannot understand why there should be such radthe Territory, and to wipe it out would leal recommendations as to the land system, as it would work injury to every vested interest."

George B. Robertson, manager of Brewer & Co., said that the two points, lepers and lands, were to be regretted, as either one would mean troubles for the Islands. The transfer of the land system would result in much hardship to the plantations, he said, and the bringing of lepers here would result in the branding of the Islands as a leper Navy Yard today. She was turned settlement, and this would be extreme-

Henry Waterhouse said he thought there could be nothing but harm from the carrying out of the plans for land that there would be no alterations in plement of men for the Maine will be systems which had been reached after long trial of others.

F. A. Schaefer said itiwas to be regretted that the committee even thought of bringing lepers here. The land question was one upon which he wished further information.

CHIEF FEATURES OF WORLD'S NEWS

(Associated Press Mail Special.) NEW YORK, December 29 .- Prof. Carl Myers, a balloon maker of Frankfort, has constructed an electrical acrial torpedo which is to be exhibited at those unfortunates. Not only that, but the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, with the great safe frauds in this city,

of life, is driven by two sluminum prisoners were conducted to the Contheir race and unfamiliar with their screw blades making 2,000 revolutions

VICEROY LORD CURZON

DELHI, India, Dec. 20.—The Viceroy, Lord Curzon of Keddleston, made his state entry into the capital of the Moguls today. This constituted the official opening of the Durbar held to celebrate the accession of King Edward as Emperor of India.

It was a splendid pageant, probably unparalleled in its magnificence. At the head of the elephant procession rode Lord and Lady Curzon on the State "grand tusker" twelve feet high, the largest elephant in India. Their howdah was decked with gold and silver and the elephant itself was almost hidden beneath a gold-worked saddle-cloth. Surrounding them were footmen in scarlet and gold liveries and bearing massive silver staves. The Duke of Connaught, who represented King Edward, and the Duchess of Connaught followed. Their elephant was equally gorgeously caparisoned. Then, in order of precedence, came the Nizam of Hyderabad, the Maharajah of Travanscore and other ruling chiefs, seventy in all, their huge elephants forming a line over a mile in length. This glittering procession started from the railroad station, preceded by dragoon guards and artillery, the Viceroy's escort, and by heralds and trumpeters. The route was entirely lined by British and native troops. From the saluting battery, posted at the fort commanding the Lapore gate, guns thundered out a royal salute as the Viceroy passed with the heralds and trumpeters sounding at intervals spirited fanfares. The cortege passed in front of a line of 150 elephants carrying the brilliantly dressed retainers of the ruling chiefs. The colossal beasts all saluted by trumpeting and throwing their trunks in the air, presenting a truly imposing sight, and afterwards fell in line behind the official procession. Huge crowds of onlookers witnessed the spectacle, which, it is asserted, has never been surpassed in magnificence even in this country of Oriental splendor.

The heralds and trumpeters who followed the escort and immediately preceded the Viceroy, were conspicuous by the splendor of their attire. They were followed by the newly-constituted Imperial Cabinet corps comprising thirty Maharajahs. The excitement was at fever heat, the first elephant, with gold and silver howdahs of the staff officers, came in view and commenced to circle around the mosque. The first elephants in India passed in front of the Jumma Musjid, the steps of which were thronged with distinguished personages, including the Viceroy's American and British guests and the delegates from the colonies and from other parts of the Empire. The enormous animals shuffled slowly by, many of the massive howdahs of quaint and rich design being surmounted by magnificent canopies of gold-embroidered and bejewelled tapestry. The bodies of the animals were almost hidden by their trappings of crimson, purple and gold. Bands of gold encircled their trusks, golden bracelets were on their ankles, gold and silver bells were hanging from their neck chains and their heads were painted and decorated in every conceivable color. The mahouts were clad in the brightest attire, as were the attendant spearmen who marched by the elephants' side.

In the rear of the procession rode General Lord Kitchener, the Commander in Chief of India, surrounded by a brilliant staff, and followed by the heads of provinces, with escorts of Indian cavalry and tribal leaders from beyond the border line. Down the main street moved the cortege through lines of saluting soldiers and excited, surging, salaaming throngs of natives; through the ancient city with the balconies and housetops teeming with life and through the Moree gate into the open park beyond. There, after a four-mile march, the elephants of the Viceroy and the Duke of Connaught halted side by side, and the pageant was concluded with the great princes filing by, their elephants trumpeting a salute.

The Viceroy was in state uniform, Lady Curzon was dressed in grey, the Duke of Connaught had on a field marshal's uniform and the Duchess of Connaught was attired in blue. They received a flattering welcome at all points.

The Viceroy and the Duke of Connaught subsequently drove to the

The roads, after the passage of the procession, presented a scene of chaos, as the camel carriages, mule carts, landaus, bicycles and bullock carts pressed onward in strange confusion. There were many breakdowns and many hours elapsed before the people were able to return to their homes.

rent of 110 volts. The movements are directed by two aeroplanes acting as rudders, moving the vessel up or down, right or left, in circles, spirals, or cychids, as a bird flies.

All these evolutions are under the control of the distant operator, who moves an index over contact points on a dial switchboard, to which the vessel instantly responds.

Saxony's Eloping Princess,

NEW YORK, December 29 .- The request to dissolve the marriage of the Crown Prince of Saxony has not yet to advices from Rome received by the World. It is also said the request will be refused if it is made, because there is absolutely no canonical ground for the annulment of the marriage.

The Pope, greatly grieved at the scandal, is reported to have dispatched to the Emperor of Austria a letter :xpressing deep condolence.

The Maine in Commission

PHILADELPHIA, December 29. -The new battleship Maine was placed in commission at the League Island over to Captain Lentz, who will com-

It is thought the new fighter will be manned, coaled and provisioned as quickly as possible and sent to the West Indies to take part in the maneuvers under Admiral Dewey. The full com-

Lemon Juice for Typhoid.

CHICAGO, December 29.-That lemon julce will destroy the typhoid fever germs in water is authoritatively announced by the Chicago Health Department, after careful experiments extending over the last three days.

One teaspoonfull of juice to half a glass of water is known to be a good combination, and repeated trials have bave invariably produced the same result-every germ was killed. This confirms the announcement made on Christmas day by Dr. Asa Ferguson, a London physician, that lemon juice was a deadly foe to typhoid.

Humbert Family in Prison.

of the Humbert family, who were re-cently arrested in Madrid in connection arrived at Orleans railroad station here at 7:40 o'clock this morning. The aerial torpedo flies like a thing There was no demonstration

ciergarie prison. The arrival of the fugitives was void

motor, which obtains its power from of sensational incidents, as the French an ordinary incandescent lighting cur- police had chosen an hour for their return here when Paris was only half awake. The crowd at the rairoad station was comparatively small, but a large force of police and soldiers, mounted and on foot, was drawn up in front of the station and guarded all the street approaches in order to prevent the possibility of a popular demonstration. A number of chief functionaries of the Prefecture were on hand to personally superintend the prisoners' ar rival. The men and women of the Humbert party were kept separate during the trip from Madrid to Paris, and they were brought from the train in been received at the Vatican, according two separate parties. The women came first, leaning on the arms of officers. sime. Humbert was dressed in black and was velled, but was readily recognizable by her stout figure. Her young daughter Eva was the most pathetic looking of the women. Mme. Humbert was followed by her sister Marie, who did not show the bravado that she exhibited at Madrid, but was pale, and appeared disconsolate. Frederick Humbert, Madame Humbert's plans for the prosecution of the Hum- three days after the catastrophe, prayhusband, looked completely broken down. Roumain d'Aurignac and his wife, Emile, maintained the calm, defiant attitude they bad shown throughout. M. d'Aurignac still wore a Spanish beard, which had served him as a disguise.

The party passed through double lines of police to the carriages in waiting. Detachments of mounted police officers surrounded the vehicles, which were driven at a rattling pace through the gathering crowds to the Conciergarie, where minute preparations had been made to receive the prisoners.

The return of the Humberts to Paris is the absorbing topic for discussion throughout the city, indeed throughout France, as no event since the return of Dreyfus has aroused such intense interest. All classes of society are equally interested, as the Humberts' operations were so colossal and so interwoven with some of the foremost personages of France, that their return was viewed with apprehension. Crowds from all parts of the city were ready to assemble at the station and give the prisoners a disorderly reception, but the secrecy of the police baified the plans of the mobs and permitted the Humberts to be landed silently PARIS, December 29 .- . ne members and swiftly inside the grey walls of the

> The public had doubted the sincerity of the Government in ever attempting to bring back the fugitives, owing to the political and social shock which was sure to follow, but the arrival of the and dead. prisoners is now generally accepted as showing the purpose of the authorities the Czar from Andijan, says: to spare no means for the prosecution

berts have not yet been announced. Owing to the belief of the authorities that Eva Humbert was the innocent victim of her mother's operations, they proposed to entrust her to the custody of her grandmother, Mme. Gustave

Andijan's Terrible Earthquaks. ST. PETERSBURG, December 29.

Further advices from Andijan say the earthquake victims number 4,800, of which 1,600 persons were killed in the town of Andijan and the rest in the be succeeded by William A. Richards, adjacent country. About 1,900 square now the assistant commissioner of the miles were affected. The center of the General Land Office. Mr. Richards has disturbance was four miles south of Andijan, where there was made a cleft in the ground whence sand, water and mud were issuing. The first shock lasted three seconds. It was repeated an hour later, when buildings began tumbling, walls were thrown down and roofs collapsed, burying everyone within, and groups and shricks filled the air. The shocks were continued uninterruptedly for fifteen minutes and were accompanied by terrifying rumblings, torrential rain and a hurricane People in the streets were hurled to the ground repeatedly. No refuge whatever was available. The aged, children cured, often saving the life of the child. and sick were equally exposed, while the heartrending appeals of friends cough, has shown that it robs that disand relatives buried in the debris mag- ease of all dangerous results. It is eanified the horror of the situation. The natives worked splendidly alongside the soldiery in disinterring the living

Governor Ivanboff, telegraphing to "The garrison and population of An-

MAN Arouse Yourself. Feel the Spark of Life in Your Nerves. Recover the Vizor You Have Lost.

Would you not like to have your friends point to you as they used to and say, "There they used to and say, "There goes a strong man?" Do you not wish your eye to be so bright, your step so firm and your form so erect that men and women will admire you and re-mark at your manly bearing? These are the thoughts upper most in the minds of modern men-physical and mental perfection, strength and power.

Who does not like to be strong, to feel that he is equal in strength to any man of his age? You can be if you will obey the appeal here made to

Drugs have been tried and have falled. You know that. have falled. You know that.

But Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt cannot fail; it is Electricity, and

"Electricity is Life." It gives you the oil with which to set the machinery of your body in motion, and a few months' use of it will assure you health and happiness for the rest of your life. "It is worth its weight in gold to me," says a recent letter. "I would not sell it for all the gold in this State," writes another grateful patient. It will cure all Nervous and Organic Weakness, Rheumatism, Lame Back, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Indigestion. Dyspensia and all ailments followand Bladder Troubles, Indigestion, Dyspepsia and all ailments following the effect of dissipation. It will prove of great value to any man who suffers from these allments.

Call today and test it free, or send for my book with full description. I will send it closely seal ed if you will inclose this ad.

906 MARKET ST Dr. M. E. McLaughlin,

Weatherproof Cold Water Paint **MAGNITE**

The Best Fire Resisting Paint Made

Especially Designed for use in and about

Public Buildings, Hospitals, Factories, Hotels, Breweries, Asylums, Private Residences, &c.

A FINE SANITARY PAINT, Taking the place of Oil Paint in many cases

at half the cost.

For Sale at

Pacific Hardware Co. Limited



and punishment of the accused. The dijan presented a touching picture ing for the Czar on his name-day amidst the ruins, beneath the gray, wintry heaven, unsheltered from the threatening snows."

MAY GOVERN HAWAII'S LANDS

WASHINGTON, December 29.—Binger Herman, Commissioner of the General Land Office, has resigned and will General Land Office. Mr. Richards has been Governor of Wyoming and knows the needs of territories.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influence. It has become famous for its cures of these diseases over a large part of the civilized world. The most flattering testimonisis have been received, giving accounts of its good works; of the aggravating and persistent coughs it has cured; of severe colds that have yielded promptly to its soothing effects, and of the dangerous attacks of croup it has The extensive use of it for whooping pecially prized by mothers because it contains nothing injuffour and there is not the least danger in giving it, even to babbes. It always cures and cures quickly. All dealers and drugglets sells it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents

SEMI-WEEKLY.

HOURD TUKEDAYS AND FRIDAYS WALTER G SMITH, EDITOR. SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Month Foreign 75 -Payable Invariably in Advance.—

A. W. PHARSON.

: JANUARY 9 POSLATATO PRIDAY RECOMMENDATIONS BY SENATORS

> After three months of consideration of the evidence which was submitted to them, the members of the sub-committes of the Senate Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico have reached

conclusions as to improvements in the administration of the laws of the Ter-Of the many recommendations two

must be regarded as most important in their bearing upon the future of the Territory. These concern the land laws and the leper question. The latter recommendation, that Molokai be made a national lazaretto, under control of the Marine Hospital service, is the Wilcox plan, the feature of the efforts of the Delegate which, when placed before the people of this Territory, had the most to do with the burial of his political aspirations under an unprecedented majority of ballots. The trend of the inguiry of the senators seemed to be in favor of the retention of the managesiment of the unfortunates at home, and both Senators Mitchell and Foster before leaving here, declared their opposition to the plan which they have now endorsed, though it was always a feature of the thought of Burton. Of the recommendations on the ques-

tion of the lands there was a distinct foreshadowing in the course of questioning adopted. Each of the senators who were here has had much to do the public land system of the United States. The system is familiar to them and they seemed to be inclined to the belief that what was good enough for the western territories, with almost unlimited areas, must perferce be good for this Territory. The inauguration of the federal bostem would mean the ly of an office whose two officials would comprise a boas work for helians causes, with appeals to washington. The sale of the Punchbowl lands to the Portuguese is recommended to save the occupants, their improvements and homes.

The recommendations for the pay up big for the greater portion of the fire claims, the construction of the fire claims, the construction of the people, however, are only mister ton of harbor improvements, at four erable begans, unindustrious and uncent bounty of cones and federal con willing to develop their soil. But on trol of the Besthouses are wellome and the other hand, the country itself he to projects which are close to the peo- the other handothe country itself he ple, and the municipal government item suffered missortunes from its inception is as firmly in mind here as at Wash-Some of the recommendations among the friends of Hawaii as Washington, and the end is not by any means reached. reached.

GETTING TOURISTS

No better work can be done to induce was noted yesterday in connection with himself ever since. the Raymond & Whitcomb Tourist The country is r agency. This organization, the Ameri-sources. Its big waterways, the Orican "Cook's," has offices in nearly all noce, Apuel, Cawra, Negro, Meta, and tributed where they will do the most his money, they are minus that quan-

such agencies as those of Raymond & the money some way. Whitcomb, Cook's and the general passenger agencies of the railroad and led, in a fashion, after that of the steamship lines is two fold: Increased United States but the two are no more publicity and better rates for transpor- alike now than a pea and a bean. Al tation. The agencies know where and though the legislative power is vested how to reach and attract the public. in a Senate and House of Deputies and They waste no advertising and send out the executive power is supposed to be no lecturers. But they get to the peo- vested in the President and a senator ple through established offices where and deputy from each district, forming travellers go to ascertain routes and his cabinet, the President is the abbuy tickets! through magazines which solute ruler. His power is almost reach the pleasure-seeking public and despotic and the progress or decadence by means of pictures and advertising of the country depends almost entirely matter hung in depots. Secondly a on the man to office and upon his abiltourist agency or a railroad agency do- lty and strength of arms: ing a regular business, can get rates. The country is attractive and has for individuals and parties which could several fine cities. There are aixty not be arranged for as well in any way cities of from 6,000 to 12,000 inhabitants within the reach of Honolulu commercial in each. Caracas, the capital, is said betus. That Hawaii can grow a superbodies. There are, furthermore, many to be not unlike Honolulu in some repeople who prefer to travel in strange specis, although it is some \$,000 feet shaded upland districts, has been provcountries as the guests of a tourist above sea level. It is well laid, contains ed over and over again. At present it

elling abroad for the first time. provident methods of soliciting tour- people promenade on the plazas. ists, but money spent in providing Because of its fine situation on the literature to be distributed through rep- Caribbean seaboard the country should trade in farm products and which is esutable transportation agencies, usually accounts for itself, dollar for dol- American republics but internal disor-

The custom of binding the feet of

The special cablegram sent by the Adverticer's Washington correspondent. morning. The value of keeping a sin- well as the Hawailan sovereign, the will help make Hawail the abode of an ever there were \$5,000 for flowers, centers is thus exemplified.

STRIKING AT HAWAIL

The cablegram from Washington announcing that the Senatorial Commission has recommended that Hawali be made a national lazaretto should meet with instant response from the people of Hawaii.

No disease in the world is so dreaded as is leprosy. The knowledge that it exists here, even though segregated has already done Hawaii untold injury; but if this Territory is made, the leper station of the nation, Hawaii will become a by-word. It will be known as the "Lever islands. Instead of its present name the "Paradise of the Pacific," it will be known as the "Hell of the Pacific," as the "Land of the Living Death;" as a place to be shunned. For all time the words "Hawaii" and "Leprosy" will be linked together by bonds stronger than steel chains, for the supply of lepers will be never ending.

Hawaii has been crushing out the disease. Left to herself she will eventually eradicate it. With an ever fresh supply of victims poured in upon us, the hope that we will some day be free of the dread specter will be dashed, and we will look forward to an unending vista of human rottenness wending its way to defenseless Hawaii.

into law will be highly beneficial to us; but the whole of them put together—fire claims, bounty on coffee, harbor improvements, iorestry preservation and all:-do not begin to compensate for the damning curse, merly a Gelsha dancer in Honolulu, She that will be laid on Hawaii if the word "Leprosy" is branded across her LOVERSON S. fair name,

Of what value will be our efforts for tourist travel, when there is advertised to the world that every ship that sails to Hawaii is liable to

have lepers on board, being transported to the national lazaretto? What good will a bounty on Hawaiian coffee be to us, if the very word Hawaii is to become a synonym for the living death.

The recommendation of the committee is like a stab in the dark from one whom we had considered a friend: .It should be resisted by every means and influence that the people of

Hawaii can bring to bear. The commercial organizations of Hawaii should protest to Congress and appeal to their fellow organizations on the main land to help them.

The local political organizations should protest to their national Private individuals should bring their influence to bear on every member of Congress whom they know or whom they can reach. The recommendation of the committee is a blow below the belt, and unexpected;

but it can be defeated by united action. Let us unite and act.

Arguments and petitions can go on later, when we know what the arguments of the committee are, but meanwhile cablegrams should be 'yesterday afternoon, after an adjournsent letting our position be known.

A REPUBLIC OF TROUBLES.

It must indeed be a wonderful counmoil year after year and still keep its head among the portraits of the nations. Such a country is Venezuela In area it is almost a hundred times the size of Hawaii. It has a populaflont of about two and one-half millions. **Yet in that large area that number of** people do not seem able to stay without crowding. They must either fight with the outside world or quartel among one or the other conflicts all the time and between times some of them stack An earthquake about ninety years are shook the country all to pieces, totally, ington. There will be opposition to destroyed the scaport cuy of La Guayra and weekedtother smaller towns. Dur ing its war for independence from Spain the haughty Spanlard swept over the panied by cholers which laid the Venezuelans out by the hundreds. But the South American finally triumphed and people to visit Hawaii than that which in revolutions has been husy fighting

The country is really one of vast re-sources. Its big waterways, the Oristing booklet, with pictures, work for the foreigner, the result being, tity, and a foreign blockade ensues. The advantage of working through Ultimately the people have to dig up

The Venezuelan government is model-

the evenings a government band dis-Much money can be wasted in im- courses the sweetest of music while the

ders make this impossible. Admiral Cervera's appointment as young Chinese girls originated in a Chief of the Naval Staff of Spain ends laudable desire on the part of husbands the period of banishment from active to keep their wives at home. It was duty which the Admiral suffered after regarded in ancient days as the best his return from his detention in Amerpreventive of gadding. In time it be- ica. As far as possible he was made came a mark of ladyhood. No doubt a scapegoat for the sins of the War advanced Chinese in Honolulu mildly Marine at Madrid, a bureau which sent disapprove the custom but the girls him to sea with poorly equipped vesand women adhere to it. Japan used sels, and of Captain General Blanco, ceptable to society "at large". The cus- perities, however, and the self-sacrificthe chrysunibemum empire, but will Admirel are beginning to find the appre- and making the country self-supportstronger in China and it may be centing the United States. The Spanish

Boston is comparing the cost of en- Have we not the right to ask that It be giving the recommendations of the tertaining Prince Henry with that of hourished and conserved as other such Senatorial Commission which visited Queen Kapfolani, who visited the city industries are? Hawaii last summer, was received early in May, 1887. The money spent on the The next best thing to direct protecyesterday forenoon. For some unex- Queen in one week amounted to \$18. | tion is a bounty, and for this Hawaii plained reason the Associated Press did 165 47. The bill for flowers alone was in now working with Senatorial asnot include it in the afternoon ser- 1416 and all sorts of scandals attached sistance. By granting it Congress will vice, so it appears as fresh news this to it. Prince Henry did not fare so not make a dear breakfast table; it

Cervera at its head.

A SULTAN AND HIS TROUBLES.

eeping a sharp and jealous eye on his is talking of him now. By some he is that it is worthy of the occasion. painted as a reformer, by others as a @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@ managed to secure a far insight litto interesting personality. He only saw known to be in the lazaretto business the light of day at the time of the death Morare people willing to travel on rail country from end to end; plundering of the former suitag for until America from infectious or contagious diseases.

and robblightevery, where and accomsesses of the latter's palace. Much of it is possible that as common carriers, an age which entitles people to inter Mitchell Commission. important cities and it issues attractive Guarico, are all navigable for big best and to be able to control his peoimportant cities and it issues attractive. Guarico, are an navigable to best and to be able to control his perfect the people an opporpie in making them. He has not done the water suit between the Haw Com, A stipulation has been filed in the Haw tens of thousands of which will be disthat they get into his debt. He wants in his tastes and many of his subjects ence or assistance of lawyers. This dislike him owing to his absolute re- action is recommended to the earnest fusal to personally wear the gold and attention of the court in the Sumner silver trappings, bucklets, ornaments case. and similar gaudy things that are so dear to the heart of every Moslem of the desert. While he is in a measure

AID FOR HAWAJIAN COFFEE.

friendly to progressive ideas and other

religions than his own his treatment

of the picturesque yet savage creatures

who make up his empire is said to be

cruel and his measures for the proper

government of his country poorly or-

If Congress grants a bounty of four cents, or even of two cents on Hawailan-grown coffee, an industry which started fairly but has been languishing for years, will receive a special imor coffee in many, if not all of its agency, especially those who are tray-beautiful homes, has fine parks and in is exporting a small but excellent crop. The trouble with the business, however, exemplifies the damage which can be night choked up and coughvisited upon any agricultural industry of the United States by a policy of free ing hard, take a dose of the dominate the other northern South pecially severe upon small agricultural Emulsion, and you will get undertakings. Coffee enters the United States without duty and as a result the immediate relief, where no prosperity and development of this

American Territory are deeply affected, cough medicine will give you The mainland farmer of any State or Territory has protection for his corn, relief. It has a soothing and wheat, vegetables, fruit, timber, eggs. cider, wine, live stock and everything else he raises; why then, should the farmer of this outlying Territory be deprived of the same or a similar safeguard? The only answer is that it would be asking too much to tax every to shave the eyebrows and blacken the who ordered him to fight superior num- for the benefit of a few coffee-growers breakfast table in the United States teeth of wives to make the latter unach bers. Time has softened Spanish as in Hawaii. But such things have been done for an hundred infant industries tom still obtains in remote districts of ing courage and chivairy of the old with a view of siding in their growth good to allay inflammation eventually disappear. Tradition is ciation at home they have long enjoyed ing. Protection was not devised to add turies before the small fout woman be-many may have few ships left but it will dustries, but to build up small ones into not lack for dignity with Pascual E gigantic elements of national strength. Here in Hawali is a small one which carries the potential germ of growth

cial cable correspondent at the news city's outlay being but \$16.428.20. How- American middle class; it will violate no precedent. Bountles have, within a

John K. Sumner is still reported very ill though he expects to be out soon Mr. Sumner is at his home on Sumner

that account.

football team.

Island and physicians have advised against his removal.

they will play the Honolulu Association

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The Camp McKinley artillerymen are The commission has made some recommendations which if enacted use. The tug Iroquols to to set a target for this purpose today.

One of the victims of the Byron (Call) train wreck was Mrs. T. Miyagawa: forlately left here for the coast with her husband and two children. The children, as welled herself, were fatally burned.

Chester Doyle went to Ewa yesterday to prosecute, a case of assault and battery against two Portuguese who had beaten a Chinaman. The men were convicted and the judge sentenced each to pay a fine of \$25. An order was made yesterday by

Judges De Bolt and Robinson assigning all the probate and equity cases to Judge Gear for the February term. An Judge Robinson will be in Hilo at the beginning of the next term Judge De Bolt will have to preside again.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

A bill of exceptions on appeal was filed yesterday in the case of Cheong Kwai sentenced to prison for five years for assault.

The Supreme Court met at two o'clock ment out of respect to the late Bishop in the case of Kapiolani Estate vs. Kaneche Ranch Co.

The Hawsilans who were in the great With France, Spain and England sanitary fire of January 20, 1900, will ry that can stand revolution and tur- riolf domains with a view to their par- celebrate the event with a luau at Retition and with rebellious subjects lief Camp No. 1, on the evening of the clamoring for his job, the young Suitan anniversary of that day. The Intention of Morocco, Muley Abdul Aziz, seems to is to make the entertainment a home ate having his hands full. The world fair and every effort will be made to see

most cruel despot. The young "Prince few years past, been granted to beet of True Bellevers" has had a stormy sugar growers and even to maple sugar reign. 'He is but twenty-one years of growers. A pending bill would grant

Tourists and other travellers are not the affairs of the world and has a most likely to choose, the yessels of a line the former Sultan for until Ahmed's roads which convey persons suffering the cruelty of the first few years of Ms the lines could be compelled to reign are attributed to the Grand accept such passengers so, in their own Vigier but the recent outbreak has the defence, it would be wise in them to measure, been laid at the feet of the wree their friends at Washington to young man who has not made nated secure the defeat of any measure based reforms although he has now reached on the leper recommendations of the

Scalds are always painful and frequently quite serious, but Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a liniment especially suited for such injuries. One application gives relief. Try it. All dealers and druggists sells it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

A STUBBORN COLD OR BRONCHITIS

yields more readily to Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil than to anything that you can take: and if persistently used a few days, will break up the cold.

When you awake in the caling effect upon the throat ...d brenchial tubes.

Scott's Emulsion is a great and cure colds and violent coughing.

Stud for Free Sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemiste. 422 Pearl St., N. Y adjoining lands.

Itching Skin

The Notley will care will come up be fore Judge Little at this term of court and a number of attorneys and the Notley heirs left for Hilo yesterday on The men from the Silvertown will engage in a cricket match Thursday aft oure. They can't. ernoon with a local team. On Saturday

the blood-inake that pure and this scaling, burning, itching skin disease will disappearies

" Lwas seken with an isoning on my sims which proved very disagreeable. to begin target practice today with the concluded it was said theum and bought a mortars which arrived recently for their bottle of Hood's Sarsaparida. In two days after I began taking it I lele better and it was not long before I was mired. Have never had any takin disease since." Man. Inc R. Wann, Core Point, Md.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Coneral Insurance Conter Sec Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth and Rid the blood of all impurities and cure all eruptions. Take them.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L HACKFELD & CO. L/TD.—Genera Commission Agents, Queen St., Hono-lulu, H. L.

BCHAEFER & CO.-Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolu-lu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE .- (Robert Lewers F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke, Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 116 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.-MA chinery of every descrition made to

The Famous Tourist Route of the

Connection With the Canadian Australian Steamship Line

and Canada, via Victoria and 26 Marcouver. Bar out

and Fraser Canon,

a India and Around the World. For tickets and general information

Honofulu. Jan. s.c.1908.

NAME OF STOCK Capital Val. Bid MERCANTILE C. Brewer & Co. 5,000,000 1,600,006 2,812,750 2,000,000 750,000 2,000,000 500,000 McBryde Sug. Co. L'd.

10% 100 Panthan Sugar Plan-Paia Pepeekeo 91 Wailuk Ag. Co. Wailukt 100 190 57½ STRAKSBIP CO's 100 1023₄ Haw'n Electric Co., Hon, R. T. & L. Co. Mutual Tel. Co

LAND FOR SUGAR

The Honolulu Plantation has acquired the leasehold interest of two valuable tracts of sugar land a. Moanalua from S. M. Damon, the leases having Most people understand been filed this week at the registrar's office. One tract of land is leased by Mr. Damon for sixteen years at \$2200 body builder-but it is equally per year. The tract comprises 117 acres. The second tract has 240 acres and the annual reptal is \$4400. The plantation is not allowed to take any water from the land and it is to be used for cultiva- Alliance, Marine and Go tion only. There is a right given also to take coral lime rock and sand from

Sugar Industry

SCHOOL FOR SUGAR INDUSTRY AT BRUNSWICK; Established 1872: Subsidized by the Government; Enlarged 1876.-Frequented hitherto by 1,194 persons. Commencement of the preparatory course, February 13; of the Principal course, March 3, 1908

The Direction:

PROP DR. PRÜHLING séd DR. A. RÖSSING

Distress by day and night -That's the complaint of those who are so unfortunate as to be afflicted with cerems or salt rheum and outwird applications do not

pointed agains of the above comparate propered to insure risks against the comparate on Being and Brick Buildings as on Merchandle stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particular apply at the office of The source of the trouble is in German Lloyd Marine Insurae C

> The above Insuration (sinpanies are serialistical a general indicator here, as the understaned, general agents, as authorised to take risks against to dangars of the set at the most reases able risks and in the most favorable terms. F. A. SCHAMPER & CO.

The understaned having

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance

the winds aspect to become a room of the

River and Land Tempeport

of Dresden.

Having established an agency at R

nelulu and the Hawaiisn Islands the undersigned general agents are authorised to take risks against the danger of the sea at the most reasonable rate and, on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.

Agents for the Hawaiisn Islands.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii.

APITAL

J. A. McCandless, Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Co

porations, Trusta, Individuals, and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking an trusted to it. Sell and Purchase For eign Exchange, Issue Letters of Credi

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Ordniary and Term Deposits receiv

and interest allowed in accordance wi ules and conditions printed in pe coks, copies of which has be had

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. C

North German Fire Insurance C

Judd Building, Fort Street.

OF HAMBURG

Capital of the Company and reserve, reignamarks

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

To All Points in the United States

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens

EMPLESS LINE OF SIGNOETS FROM VONCOUVER. Tickets to All Points in Japan, China

apply to - --THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LID. Agente Camadian Australian B. B. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE

OF HAMBURG. apital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks 2.250 Capital their reinsurance come

dame armiginess of fi

Total crojohamaska rie ulderstated Tentral agents the internance, general agence the above-two companies, for the E waitan Islands, are prepared to inst Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Su and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the hor, against loss or damagt by fire the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO. Limit

65 810

WORLD'S STANDAR FOR TIME KEEPING

Many years' handling of Water

convinces us, that price considered, f erican Watches

Nickle, Silver, Gold Filld and Solid Gold We have a full line and sell them

ELGINE reach us right.

ELGING reach you right. Eigins stand for what is right in keeping and lasting qualities, and is why we are right in pushing Elgin Watch.

H.F.WICHMAN BOX 348.

Wm. G. Irwin & Co.

Fire and Marine Insurance A'gt

AURNTS FOR THE

Allianes Assurance

Scottish Union National Company of Beinburg! Wilbelms of Madgeburg ande Ca cich and Bertin

on a monutain in Italy for future less experiments

Nine miners were buried nater anow alids at the Mollie Gibson mine British Columbia.

🌬 अपन

A to law law or A 1863 6 8 44

1 1 Sec. 34 24.19 £ 4 . 1

1912 A March 18 18 35 20 C 7,40% ·

3.11

(機能)かった

Royal Insurance Company of Live

Marconi is to erect a monster pl

 ${f N}_{ ext{EWSPAPER}}{f HIVE}^{f g}$

Business Men Send Strong Cable Protest.

Il: Win's recently cable day yesterday, Sut Bitted of being given over to celdisting of the fact that the cable was ince if we devoted by business men ta the use of the wire to forward to Washington protests which they feared would be all too late for effect if sent in the usual course of delivery.

> Rivery business body, the formal orguarations of the parties and infinential men of all shades of belief, joinen in the transmission to men who will have to do with the settlement of questions affecting Hawaii, of messages which will, it is hoped, open their eyes to the unanimous opinion here that the time has not come for action as proposed in the forecast of the report of the sub-committee which spent a month in investigation, and left with one set of views, which seems to have been revolutionized by the lapse of time between their departure and their consideration of the points to be covered.

The Chamber of Commerce led in the light against the proposals of the Senstors that Hawaii should be made a dumping ground for the lapers of the Bation and to revolutionise the land question. It was a very full and representative meeting of the chamber which was hold at its rooms yesterday morning. The members assembled early and the discussions were sharp Dimond, Waterhouse, and Smith were and pointed so that at length when action was taken there was no doubting the earnestness of the men who had determined to show their feeling as opposed to the plans proposed by the Benators. The sentiment was crystal iked lints the following telegrams; which were sent forward during the afternoon a contract

To Senator J. B. Foraker, Chairman of the Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rice, and

Hon. William Knox, Chairman of the House Committee on Territories: "Are informed Senate Committe recommends making Molokai National teper asylum.

We protest egainst injustice of placing stigma on Hawaii.

"Territory able and willing to care for its own sick; others should do. "Ask your help to protect Hawaii

from this wrong. "C. M. COOKE,

Wice President Chamber of Com-

merce. "F. W. MACFARLANE. "President Merchants' Association.

"A. GARTLEY. 'President Builders and Traders' Exchange. MATT HEFFREN

"President Trades and Labor council. "CLARENCE GRABBE,

"Chairman-Republican Central Committee,

"C. J. MoCARTHY, "Chairman Democratic Central Committee."

(It was intended to have the Republican delegate-elect sign, but he was not in the city.) ా: Commercial bodies of Hawaii urge

that action on the Hawaiian land matters be delayed pending arrival of memorial protesting against transfer of government land to Federal control without further careful investigation. ."C. M. COOKE.

"Vice President Chamber of Com-

"F. W. MACFARLANE, "President Merchants' Association. . "A, GARTLEY.

"President Builders and Traders" Exchange."

When the meeting was called to order Chairman Cooke announced that it was a special gathering, called for the purpose of taking action upon several matters in the report of the sub-committee of Senators, which had been called to the attention of the men in sathority by members of the chamber He said the principal question was one of the lepers, and he was of opinion that there might well be some discussion of the question. As soon as he had finished his statement J. P. Cooke. for the purpose of presenting the matter to the chamber, proposed the res-

olution as finally adopted. He said

question with that of the lapers, and the was of the opinion that the two should be treated senarately. Bruce Cartwright said that the latter

question was of sufficient importance to ontitle it to have treatment by itself. The line matter was an important one, but it should be kept spart. J. P. Cooke said that he was of the opinion that immediate extension of the American land laws would work injury, but he hoped that the investigation would proceed as resommended by the subcommittee. The cablegram was approved and ordered sent.

E. D. Tenney said that in time it was more than probable that the American system would be extended to the lalands, but this could not properly be Some until there had been a definite confideton as to the forcet reservations, which would make it necessary that there should be careful and techpical investigations.

P. A. Schnefer moved that a cablegram be sent urging that there be no action on leads at this session, and there were several other motions and amendments brought up, the whole matter being finally settled by the adoption of the amended motion that there be forwarded a cable urging delay until a memorial could be formulated, and that the message be forwarded at once by Messrs. Macfarlane, Schaefer, and Cooke.

During the discussion George R. Carter said that there was an idea on the mainland that there was a vast body of land here which had to be explored and surveyed and that inducements had to be offered to have it taken up. The Organic Act and the treaty of annexation as well, he said. provided that the lands should be held for the benefit of the people and there could be no one so much interested as those who live in the Territory. W M. Giffard said that a cable telling that a memorial was coming would be best.

On motion of W. G. Smith is was decided that the heads of the other bodies of the city should be asked to sign the memorial, and this was done.

and this met with the approval of the

The following committee was anpointed to draft the memorial on the subject of the land laws: F. A. Schaefer, W. M. Giffard, and F. M. Swanzy: On motion of W. W. Dimond it was decided that a memorial on the learn question should be sent on, and Messrs. named to draft the paper.

Mr. Machaline wanted to know-if it would not be wise to ask the execulive officers of the government to act in opposing the proposals, but it was decided that this would not be best, as the chamber and similar bodies would

It was decided that William Haywood should be notified of the messages, and thus informed of what was to be done in the premises. The meeting then adiburned for the sending of the messages. The men whose names were wanted were seen and agreed to sign. and later in the day the Planters' Association met and had the subject before them, giving their support to the

REPUBLICANS ACT.

Some members of the Republican executive committee met during the day and at once decided to add their influence to the weight of the combined commercial bodies, sending the following cable to M. A. Hanna at Washington:

"Republican organizations protest against Federal supervision, and transfer of lepers from mainland.

"We insist on caring for our own afflicted. It is our privilege and duty. "Republican party's pledge to this policy won last election.

"(Signed) "ATKINBON,

"Secretary." Senator George R. Carter sent several messages to friends in power at Washington among them being messages to Senators and heads of departments, the principal one, however, being to the President of the United States, as follows:

'President Roosevelt, White House: "Republican majority impossible if lepers from mainland, are sent here. Natives object also to Federal control of their afflicted, while all classes take pride in their care."

BAND GOES TO HILO ON TUESDAY

Today the Territorial band will play the steamers off, the Zealandia being scheduled to sail at noon. The Sunday afternoon concert will be given at Makee Island. Waikiki, at 3 p. m. On Tuesday noon the band will leave for Hijo on the steamer Kinau to give a series of public concerts there and will return to Honolulu on Caturday, January 24. The last concert in Honolulu before the departure for Hawaii will take place at Emma Square Monday evening.

An English explorer in Western Australia claims to have discovered tribe of black Jews.

The Senate Military Affairs Com mittee is holding up army nominations there had been some discussion as to because of charges of infustion

WILCONS MILEAGE PREPA IS ATTACHED BY HIS CREDITORS

Delegate In Congress From Hawaii Is Forced to Pay His Debts.

17 2 19 1 19 25 19 25 19 (SPECIAL CABLE TO THE ADVERTISER.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Creditors of Delegate Robert W. Wilcox, of the Territory of Hawaii, have attached the \$2000 which is due him as mileage, for the short session of Congress.

E. G. WALKER.

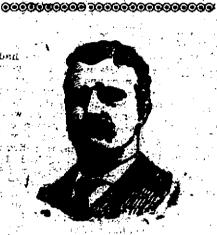
The financial difficulties of Delegate Wilcox have been a matter of talk in Washington and Hawaii, for more than two years past. Before the close of his first session, Wilcox was in debt and certain retail houses in Washington were making inquiries as to his financial standing at home. Persons from here were asked to recommend attorneys who might undertake the collection of the sums due.

Recent letters here indicate that the illness of the Delegate was not the cause of the trouble in which he finds himself. The first tour of duty was an expensive one for the Delegate, he then having his entire family with him. The family lived in an elaborate manner, according to the statements made to visiting Hawaiians, who were told of the matter by creditors. The salary of the Delegate is \$5,000 a year, and he receives in addition mileage at the rate of 20 cents a mile, which ad Is the tidy sum of \$2,000 to his stipend. The salary of a member cannot be attiched, but the mileage is a different matter.

PRESIDENT BACKS UP KNOX IN ASKING LAWS FOR TRUSTS

WASHINGTON, January 7.-Following up Attorney General Knox's request of Congress that some legislation be made to control the trusts. President Rossevelt today had a conference with Speaker Henderson and Congresscan Grosvenor of Ohlo, talking over his own plans for trust legislation and trying to make them it the arilon that Congress is enabled to make under the The President in said to have seit-

erated most of his former statements with regard to the trusts. He told the Congressmen that he was envious to sective trust legislation at this session of Congress, but that whatever action is taken should be on lines of caution. He believed that the states could not, by separate legislation, control the trusts, but thought through publicity of all the stock dealings of the big cerporations or those that come under the head of trusts, if such could be forced, that many of the evils would be cleared away. He stated that he did not con-It advisable that the tariff on goods dealt in by the trusts should be removed, as it would be necessary to take action looking for the protection of the small men at the same time that we are dealing with the octopus.



THE PRESIDENT.

of our industries, but he draws the line sharply when the big corporation becomes what can be termed a trust. At present the United States has no efficient control over a big corporation which does business in more than one state, owing to the fact that each state bas its own corporation laws. The President believes that some method can be devised, so that the Congress to legislate simply against big corpor- and make this such that the governations, because he considers that they ment can control the corporations that are a necessity in handling the larger overstep the bounds and become trusts.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 7.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations has authorized its chairman, Senator Lodge, to report favorably the bill for the ratification, by the United States, of the treaty between the American republicans proposed by the Pan-American Congress which held is sessions in the City of Mexico last year.

The bill will probably pass the Senate as there is nothing in it that can any way injure the United States but there is much to relieve it of responsibility as protector, through the Monroe Doctrine, of the South American republics, as it provides that after being signed by all the republics any differences between them shall be settled by an arbitration tribunal similar to that provided for by The Hague agreement.

The treaty itself differs considerably with the one adopted by the leading world powers in their conference at The Hague. The resolutions adopted at The Hague Conference and later formulated into a treaty providing for the pacific settlement of international disputes are not obligatory or binding upon the signatory powers for the settlement of such diputes by enforced arbitration but amount simply to an agreement between the powers "to use their best efforts to insure the pacific settlement of all international differences." The Pan-American arbitration treaty is designed only to fit the Western Hemisphere and provides for compulsory arbitration.

The United States can easily sign such a treaty but from the start of the Pan-American arbitration scheme some twelve years ago it has had opposition from some of the South American republics, so that it may yet be years before the treaty will be signed by all of the countries, although all of their delegates agreed to it at the Mexican conference.

The smaller republics are anxious for obligatory arbitration for they see in such a measure their only strong arm of defence. They are not large enough to support big armies and navies and such a treaty, if

rigidly adhered to, would form a strong defense for them.

The new treaty will be prospective and in no wise retrospective for the differences that may arise among American republics at a date posterior to the date of the exchange of ratifications of the treaty.

Peru, the country most strongly advocating obligatory arbitration at the Congress, is now at work planning and procuring means to again control a powerful army with which she can attack Chile and the latter country is strengthening its defenses.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 7.—A blizzard prevails over Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa and Nebraska. The telegraph and railroad services are badly crippled. The Rock Island and Union Pacific trains in Iowa and all the railroad lines leading from this point to the Pacific coast are in difficulties. Few trains are running and the overland mail. including European mails for the Orient and Australia, are behind schedule. Reports indicate a considerable loss to ranchmen.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.-Henry Oxnard, who, in behalf of the beet sugar trust, is trying to defeat the bill for a reduction of tariff on Philipnine products, is sanguine that the bill will not pass. It is possible a reduction of fifty per cent under the Dingley tariff may-be granted.

AN APPEAL

Tanbara Still Has a Republicans Plan Long Time to Live.

The attorneys for Tanbara Glaaburo the murderer of Captain Jacobsen, have finally begun preparing an appeal to the United States Supreme Court and the execution of the condemned mur- pected to do about the first of the comderer may be delayed for months and ing month for the purpose of a cameus probably for a year. Stenographer Avery has been requested by Attorney Thompson to make up a transcript of the evidence in the murder trial before Judge Estee which will be used in an application for writ of error.

It is almost time to hear from President Roosevelt regarding the reprieve granted to Tanbara if he uses the cable for that purpose. There has been just time enough for the papers in the case to reach Washington, and action by the the platform of the party. President is expected within a short time, as he has before him all the information that may be required. A complete record was sent to Attorney General Knox by United States Attor- and the work of preparing these de an ney Breckons as well as his recom- far advanced that next week will mendations in the matter, and Secretary Cooper also sent on the facts upon which the Governor acted, so there is no reason for delay. It is not expected that the reprieve will be approved as it was given simply to allow time for an say, that there will be nothing appeal, and has now served its purpose. Even though President Roosevelt does not grant a further stay there will still be ample time to perfect the appeal, as when Judge Estee again passes sentence upon Tanbara he will fix the date at least sixty days shead.

to Arrange Action.

When the members of the legislature come to Honolulu, which they are enon the county bill, they will find that the local committee has prepared a loc more work for them, if present please are carried through. It is now the intention of the leaders of the Central Committee to have introduced in both houses very soon after the gathering of the legislature, bills and resolutions bearing upon every point touched he

The Republican platform, on which

the winning fight was made, had for its keynote the county and city hills. under way consideration of it by the committee of the party, for the commission will then be finished with the county section of its task. The bill has that will prevent the measure being fully ready for action when the session meets, and as well that it will be in such shape that it will commend itself to the people.

(Continued on page 8.)

THE PHILIPPINES TO HAVE A NATIVE CONSTABULARY

(Continued from Page 13

scale. Mr. Cameron points out that the Philippines have lost a trade opportunity in China during the last few months, for the scarcity of rice at the latter point would have given them a good market for the Philippine product had conditions been such as to allow them to grow and supply the commodity.

Brewster Cameron was in Honolulu some weeks ago on his way from Manila to Washington and while here discussed the agricultural phase of the Philippine situation. He declared that the rinderpest had killed off thousands of the water buffalo. "The natives depended entirely upon these for the heavy work in the fields and with their loss rushed into the cities and preyed upon other people. They had no money with which to import other animals from Java, Sumatra, or China, although they could have secured them cheaply in those places. There would have been a good opening for a private concern to import animals in large numbers and sell to the natives. but much of this work would have had to be done on credit so no one undertook it and the country's only remedy would be from Congress. In addition to the buffalo the rinderpest swept away President Roosevelt has been care of the country will be enabled to make Congress. In addition to the buffalo the right ful to point out that he does not wish one corporation law for all the states innumerable droves of horses and herds of cattle

> ANACONDA; Mont., Dec. 28.— With a left-arm hook Robert Fitzsimmons floored his former manager, Clark Ball, in the lobby of the Thornton hotel a few minutes after I o'clock this morning. The blow struck Ball squarely on the point of the jaw and he was knocked against a corner of the desk at the end of the counter. His head came in violent contact with a sharp corner and a laceration resulted. In another fraction of a second, Ball was prostrate and out. He was revived in a few seconds and his bleeding head bathed. He was not seriously injured and was apparently as well as ever within fifteen minutes after the blow was struck. The trouble was precipitated by the fact that last night Ball severed his connection with the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons combination and signed a contract with Jack Munroe whereby the local miner, who had stood before for four rounds a week ago Saturday night is to be the star attraction of an athletic show managed by the former manager of "Lanky Bob." When the men met tonight there was some wranging and Ball called Fitzsimmons a liar when the blow was struck.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.-According to the Herald's La Paz (Bolivia) correspondent the Commercio publishes an official message received by the Bolivian government from its minister in Brazil. saving that the solution of the Acre incident is progressing satisfactorily and that he hopes the difficulty will soon be settled.

The Peruvian representative has had a long conference with the Minister of Foreign Affairs, regarding the boundaries of the province of Huancano. The question will probably be settled by arbitration, the President of Argentina to act as arbitrator.

(SPECIAL CABLE TO THE ADVERTISER.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 7.—The House passed the Coinage bill after one hour's debate, for the redemption of Hawaiian silver coinage at face value.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Today the House passed the Senate bill for the redemption and recoinage of Hawaiian silver. Under its terms Hawaiian silver certificates will be redeemed in two years. The bill provides for silver coins being received either in Hawaii or the United States for the payment of dues. Standard silver coins of the United States will be exchanged for the coin of Hawaii at face value. The President is said to be in favor of the measure.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Ian. 7.-It is believed that Austria-Hungary and Italy will protest against Russian warships entering the Dardanelles. France and Germany will not protest. France feels an obligation under its treaty to assist Russian undertakings and Germany is waiting to see if Turkey, to ensure further neutrality, will satisfy German claims. Austria-Hungary and Italy regard the possible advent of a Russian fleet in the Mediterranean as a menace to the integrity of their seaboards.

(ABSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Ian. 7.—George C. Perkins was renominated for United States Senator today in the Republican caucus.

Theo. H. Davies & Co

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds ... £8,975.600.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. C OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital £1,000.000

Reduction of Rates. Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD

AGENTS.

IMPERIAL LIME

99 15-100 Per Cept Pute.

The very best Lime and in the best containers.

> In Lots to Suit. Low Prices.

CALIFORNIA FEED Co.

AGENTS.

CASTLE & COOKE CO., Ld.

SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR The Ewa Flantzion Company.
The Waislus Agricultural Co., Eth.
The Köhaia Sugar Company.
The Waimes Sugar Mill Company.
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Leeis, Ma.
The George F. Blake Steam Pumps.
Westion's Contributals. Weston's Centrifugala.
The New England Mutual Life Insue
ance Company, of Boston. The Asine Fire Insurance Company, & Hartford, Conn. The Alliance Assurance Company, of

Castle & Cooke.

-LIMITED .-LIFE and FIRE

INSURANCE AGENTS...

AGENTS FOR

Hew England Mutual Life Insurance & OF BOSTON,

Rina Life Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION. This successful the property residence in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpese, and others, combines elities deciderate to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses averything hitherto employed. THERAPION NO. I maintains its world-senumed and well-merited reputation for desingements of the kidneys, pains in the back, and hindred ailmonts, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless. THERAPION NO. 2 for impurity of the blood, acurvy, pumples, apolts, blotches, pains and swelling of Joints, gout, rhounation, & alddiseases for which at has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, varraparilla &c., to the destruction of sufferers' beeting and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly estiminates all possenous matter from the body.

THERAPION NO 3 for exhaustion, alsep-

ciminates all powenous matter from the body, eliminates all powenous matter from the body.

THERAPION NO 3 for exhaustion, alseptimeness, and all distressing consequences of distinction, worry, overwork, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigor to those suffering from the enervating influences of long iestdence in hot, unhealthy climates.

THERAPION is sold by the principal chemists and thereliants throughout the world. Price in England, & sd. and & Gd. In ordering state which of the three numbers is required, and observe that the word "Terramon" appears on the British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every ground package by order of His Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

CHAS BREWER & CUPS. NEW YORK LINE

Bark "NUUANU"

Sailing from NEW YORK to HONOLULT About Dec. 15.

For freight rates apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO.

27 Kilby St., Boston OR C. BREWER & CO., THITED, HONOLULU

Marconi has acknowledged that James Lindsay, a Scotchman, preceded him in the wireless telegraph field,

Secretary Root has decided that it will be impracticable for Generals Chaffee, Smith and others to go to Manila to testify at the Glenn court mar-

Michigan has been sued by the Michigna Central Railroad for \$6,000,000

SUGAR TEST

Plan Agreed Upon For Use of the Chemists.

The executive committee of the Sugar Chemists' Association has sent to the various plantations copies of the provisional method of sugar extraction, recently adopted, and which is to be used during the coming crop. The report is not an "official one" and the committee invites criticism so that the method may be improved.

The essential points in the method ecommended are as follows:

"The amount of sucrose coming to the mill in the cane is to be used as the basis of calculation; and this amount should be taken as the sum of the sucrose in the properly weighed "mixed juice" and the sucrose in the bagasse, EXTRACTION.

"By extraction is meant the percentage of sucrose in the cane which is obtained in the mixed juice. When the term extraction is used in any other sense it should be so defined. NORMAL JUICE.

"Normal juice is, for the purpose of this method, defined as the juice from the first mill, or the juice from the first mill and crusher where a crusher

CANE.

"Fibre only is to be determined in the cane; and samples should be taken at least twice a week. Samples should be taken by cutting equal lengths from the top, middle and bottom, cutting midway between joints, and this portion divided into two equal parts by splitting, one part being taken for analysis. The sample should be so taken that the Commission Merchants portion reserved for analysis is between 200 and 200 grams. "The whole sample of cane is first

weighed, then finely cut and treated evening, in this place, of with cold water for two hours changing eventful 78 years of life. the water every half hour; or if preferred placing the sample in a linen bag and treating with cold running water for the same length of time. It is then to be digested with water at sixty to seventy degrees C. for one hour changing the water every fifteen minutes; then with boiling water for one hour changing every fifteen minutes, and dried to constant weight at 100 degrees C."

Regarding juice it is recommended that samples should be taken by an mont to the beautiful, brilliant and automatic sampling device continuous- popular Jessie Benton, the 17 year-old ly, and bagasse is to be sampled at the determination of sucrose in the cane, as much attention throughtout the from which the per cent sucrose in country as did the contest then under bagasse per 100 cane is determined by way between Tyler and the Whig party, using the results of analysis of cane which elected him Vice President on

weighers or measuring tanks as the didacy subsequently. case may be, keeping in mind however that the equipment of the mill with proper weighing apparatus is necessary for accurate work.'

COMMISSIONER TO INVESTIGATE

Upon the application of both plaintiff and defendant in the case of Hawaiian Commercial & Sugar Co. vs. Wailuku Sugar Co. Judge De Bolt yesterday appointed J. F. Brown to investigate and report upon the points of dispute beween the two corporations.

Under the agreement Brown is to proceed immediately to Wailuku and examine all titles, lands, reservoirs, etc. and take testimony after notification to the parties who may be present in person and by attorney.

By Judge De Bolt's order Brown is to report upon the following matters: Number of acres of land owned by each party, with description of titles. and specifying tare and kula land; and how much cane land is in use by defendant, and how much of it was originally taro land.

Area of cane land placed under cultivation since 1894; location and capacity of reservoirs used by defendant with other descriptive information. Also area of land irrigated from Wailuku river, with data concerning changes made in dams or ditches, and

also the area of land, the irrigation of which has been discontinued since 1894. Also whether defendant has used waters for irrigating on Sundays, or during any hours excepting from 4 a. m. to

To ascertain definitely what has been done with surplus water from Iso Valley, including storm water.

Brown is also to ascertain the number of gallons of water daily required to irrigate sugar cane at Walluku, and also the estimated difference in amount of water required for sugar came and

Commander Rolley of the Monocacy was ordered home from the Asiatic station by Admiral Evans because he persisted in permitting his wife to make her home aboard his ressel

influenza is their tendency to result in pheumonia. If reasonable care is used and Chamberlain's Cough Benedy taken, all dange will be avoided It will cure a cold of an altack of influence in less time than any other treatment. It always cures and cures quickly. AB_{i}

METHOD FOR JESSIE BENTON FREMONT IS DEAD IN CALIFORNIA DISEASES

BENEATIAN CASE SEE PRIDAY ANDARY DESIGNATIONS



JESSIE BENTON FREMONT AS SHE APPEARED WITH HER NURSE ABOUT SIX MONTHS BEFORE HER DEATH.

dead. The widow of the famous Pathfinder, Colonel John C. Fremont, sank into her last sleep, after spending the across the prairies, went over the evening, in this place, of her long and

Mrs. Fremont was the daughter of Missouri's illustrious son, Thomas H. Benton, and widow of the "Pathfinder" of the forties of the recent century, a leader in the conquest of California in 1846, the Republican party's first candidate for the Presidency, and commander of the Department of the West early in the Civil War.

The marriage in 1841 of the deshing, ambitious and intropid Lieutenant Fredaughter of Missouri's senior Senator. carrier. Formulas are given for the was an event which attracted almost the ticket with Harrison, and who went The committee says: "That weighing to the Presidency on Harrison's death. is the only method that will do away The marriage advanced Fremont's forwith doubts and differences about the tunes professionally and politically. It amount of sucrose entering the boiling assisted in getting the young officer the house; and that the juice should be assignment for the exploration of the weighed on ordinary scales, an equip-Rocky Mountain region and the Pament of two scales and two tanks being cific Coast, for which his talents and necessary.

"As few mills will be so equipped for the coming crop members are expected to apply this method using the weight of juice as obtained by automatic believed to the coming crop members are expected throughout the world as the "Pathfinder of the Western Wilderness," and helped to get him the Presidential can-

On the second of these expeditions, husband's career and at the same time father's and her husband's residence city, was directed by her husband to open all the letters sent to him, official and personal, and to send him only those giving him instructions necessary for him to observe. Receiving a letter from Colonel Abert, chief of the topo-

LOS ANGELES, December 27.—Jessie the present Kansas City, beyond the Benton Fremont, one of the oldest and verge of civilization, preparing to start most respected women of the West, is across the plains. She warned him to move forward at once, and ask no questions.

Rockies, explored the great Salt Lake basin, penetrated the region around the Columbia's upper tributaries, marched down the Pacific Coast into California, then Mexican territory, retraced his way north and east through a gap in the Sierra Nevadas never penetrated by white men before that time, made another investigation of Salt Lake's surroundings, and then, swinging eastward, was back in St. Louis in midsummer of 1844. This was the expedition which made Fremont's reputation all over the world, and reflected on the government at Washington, which had tried to prevent the expedition, a credit which that government took especial pains to appropriate.

Fremont's report, published in 1845, sent the Mormons to Sait Lake, then Mexican territory, which came to the lupe Hidalgo in 1848, the end of the Mexican war, and diverted them from Lower California, where they originalmade California and New Mexico United States territory. He became one of Local sugar factors receiving no ined States territory. He became that formation yesterday in regard to the

Fremont's youth (he was only 43 at the time), resourcefulness, and audacity, embodying at once the "manifest has obtained for some days, 3% cents. that of 1843, her penetration and destiny" aspiration and the "Young courage had a decided influence on her America" ideals, gained him in 1856 the Presidential nomination of the New had an effect on her country's history. Republican party, composed largely of Mrs. Fremont, then in St. Louis, her young, courageous, and enthusiastic men. His relationship by marriage to the great Missouri statesman also aided him toward the candidacy, through the hope which it furnished the Repubilcan leaders that their party might gain a foothold in slave territory. Fremont lost, but if his party had carried graphical bureau, ordering Fremont to Pennsylvania and Illinois, which it ex-return to Washington and explain why pected to win, and which it did win he was carrying a howitzer, which four years later, he would have been Fremont wisely obtained in order to elected. Fremont died in 1890. For arm his men against the hostile Black- | years past Mrs. Fremont has resided feet, and knowing that a return would in Los Angeles, and her home has been mean the end of the expedition for that a Mecca for persons traveling through year and perhaps for all time, Mrs. that locality. One of her distinguished Fremont withheld the letter and sent a visitors of 1901 was President McKinmounted messenger to Fremont, who ley, who called upon her while he was was then at Kaw Landing, the site of on his tour through California.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.-The New York Yacht Club and the Royal Ulster Yacht Club have agreed to have the races for the America Cup come off during the month of August, which in some quarters is considered a little early. But this decision has been reached owing to the progress that has been made in preparing the Lipton challenger and the Yankee cup defender. Interest in this year's contest is growing apace and the Englishmen are said to be confident that they can win. This year's races will start on August 20th and continue on alternate days until decided.

The Herreschoff's are working steadily at Bristol, Rhode Island, on the defender. Designer "Nat" Herreschoff has spent many anxious hours in watching the construction of the new boat but it is said that it will not differ in any material respects from the cup defenders turned out at Bristol during the past ten years. The main differences in the new boat from the Constitution will be that she will have a broader beam. The Constitution's beam was twenty-five feet, two and onehalf inches. The defender's keel will be longer and heavier than that of the Belmont boat but she will not draw so much water by some inches. The increase in weight will allow her to carry on her single stick about 15,000 square feet of canvas.

When the date of August 20th was submitted by the New York Yacht Club on December 1st, it was thought that they might wish to postpone the race to a later date but the acceptance by the Royal Ulsters indicates that work on the Lipton boat has been carried on

The greatest danger from colds and MACKAY SENDS HIS GREETINGS

President F. W. Macfarlane of the Merchanis' Association yesterday rebecause of the annulment of the raffdealers and druccists sells it Renson, ceived the following acknowledgement Hawslian Islands.

Smith & Co. Ltd. agents for Hawall, of the congratulatory message sent to "CLAREN

President Clarence H. Mackay on Cable Day: P. W. Macfarlane, President the Mer-

chante' Association, Hopolulu: "Allow me to thank you for your kind message of congratulation, which I deeply appreciate, and I only nope that time will prove that our efforts have borne fruit to the benefit of the

"CLARENCE H. MACKAY."

Warning From the Agricultural Experts.

Lyster H. Dewey, botanist in charge of fiber plants for the Department of Agriculture, writes as follows of diseased fiber plants: Washington, D. C., December 16,

Mr. Jared G. Smith, Director of Ex-periment Station, Honolulu, Hawaii.

'My Dear Mr. Smith: I have just written to Knudson Brothers of Kauai, Hawaii, cautioning them to look out for the introduction of diseased plants in the new sisal plantation which they are starting, and I write you, giving you the same information, for I regard it as of the utmost importance to the sisal industry in Hawaii that the introduction of disease be prevented if pos-

"When I was in the Bahamas last May, I noticed that there were, in a few localities, indications of a diseased condition of the sisal plants. I brought back with me some specimens, and referred them to Mr. Woods, who reported that there was a fungus on the leaves, but that it was not in a condition for determination. Recently I have received from one of the principal growers in the Bahamas a letter stating that while the diseased condition seems to be confined to small areas, it is slowly spreading, and is causing some alarm lest it may in time prove destructive. "The symptoms are described as fol-

lows: 'Yellowish spots or patches first appear on the leaves. These spots spread. The leaf gets dry and curls, usually about half way down from the point, the edge of the leaf becoming pinkish in color. In a week or two, sometimes longer, the leaf dries and becomes black and hard. Usually the upper half of the leaf is affected, the lower half remaining green much longer. Sometimes the funnel, as it is called in the Bahamas, consisting of the unopened leaves, is attacked at the tip. The disease usually affects only five or six inches of the upper part of the funnel, but sometimes extends clear to the base.' This condition has not been observed in the Bahamas until within the past year. It may have existed there before, but to so small an extent as to be regarded as of no importance.

"I would suggest that the sizal growers of the Islands be warned in regard to the possible introduction of such diseases, and that they be urged to go through their plantations and, if any United States in the treaty of Guada- sisal plants are found exhibiting symptems of the character described, that they be grubbed out and destroyed." Anyone interested in sisal growing.

ly intended to locate, and which reamd wishing more information on the mained in Mexico's hands after the subject, may obtain such by corretreaty and ever since. In 1846 he sponding with Jared G. Smith of the struck the first blow in the war which experiment station.

sugar market, conclude that there has been no change from the figure which

THE WORD OF HONOUR The men who do as they say;

the things that prove to be what

at they were said to be,-how

cheering it is to come upon them. We all hate to be deceived; especially when the deception is intentional. But all men are not liars, even if David did say so in his haste. If they were society would be impossible. Everybody knows that business is based on credit, on faith. Millions are bought and sold daily on nothing more solid than the pledged promises of men,-not written, merely verbal. The Stock Exchanges are often called nests of gamblers, yet nowhere is a promise held in greater honour. Therefore when we say that the tried and effective modern remedy called WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION never deceives any who resort to it in hope of benefit and cure, we may expect to be believed. For this assurance is given on what it has done in the past in countless cases, -on its record. It is only recommended to accomplish what it was made to accomplish. Its action in Chlorosis, Anemia, La Grippe, General Debility, Throat and Lung Troubles, Blood Impurities, etc. is convincing. It is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry, Dr. Austin D. Irvine, of Canada, says: "I have used it in cases where cod liver oil was indicated but could not be taken by the patient, and the results following were very gratifying." It is effective from the first dose and agrees with the most sensitive and nervous stomachs. It cannot deceive or disappoint you, and somes to the resone of those who have received no benefit from any other treatment. It stands for the medical triumphs of the age. At chemists,

All Run Down

When your vitality is low, you are miserable all the time. Your nerves are weak and your appetite is poor. You have no ambition, and you are languid and depressed all the time.



New Zealand. She sends her photograph and

I was so weak and tired all the time that I could not sleep at night. Or, If I did sleep, I was as tired in the morning as when I went to bed. I was all run down. I then tried Ayer's Earsaparilla. After taking two bottles I found myself greatly improved, and soon I was com-pletely restored to health. I think it is a

AYER'S

There are many imitation "Sarasparillas Be sure you get Ayer's.

You will improve faster by using Ayer's Pills with the Sarsaparills. Take just enough each night to have one good, free movement of the bowels the day following.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lewell, Mass., U.S.A. HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

THE PIRST

American Savings & Trust Co.

OF HAWAIL LTD.

Capital, \$250,000.00.

Vice-President M. P. Robinson Cashier W. G. Cooper Principal Office: Corner Fort and

SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and interest allowed for yearly deposits at the rate of 41/2 per cent per annum. Rules and regulations furnished upon

King streets.

Surplus Stock Sale

PIE **PLATES**

Enameled Iron, Size IO inches, 12 1-2c each, Regular Price 25c.

W.W. Dimond & Co.

LIMITED.

A Fresh Lot

Vegetable Seeds

of every description, in 5c pacakges. Also

Alfalfa and Sorghum Seed

JUST RECEIVED.

Hollister Drug company.

Fort Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.



BISHOP GULSTAN'S FUNERAL PASSING FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

to overflowing the Catholic Cathedral, with bowed heads, waited for the passing beneath the sacred roof of the mortal remains of Guistan, Bishop of Panopolis, whose rule over the diocese. The first seats around the bier were had been marked by progress and occupied by the consular representathe hearts of all who knew him.

Notable indeed was the gathering in all nationalities and religions there wallans. The incense of the sweetest flowers made heavy the air, and the solemn stillness which reigned within the walls bore testimony to the heartfelt grief which united all in the moment of the last rites. The tributes to the memory of the late head of the Catholic church, in the Hawaiian Islands were offered at his bier, not by his churchmen alone, but by hundreds of others who followed the casket containing the soulless clay to the tomb.

The Cathedral was filled early in the day, though the services were to take place at 10 o'clock, and the devout who had known the departed in the close relationship of spiritual adviser, dotted the interior of the building as they murmured their petitions for the rest of his soul. The crowd came from every part of the city, the streets leading to the Cathedral being filled early. and the lines of carriages and marching men clogging the surrounding thoroughfares long before the hour for the mass. The interior of the edifice was transformed by the decorations. All along the gallery rail depended masses of black and white, and the note of color was carried into the altar. The throne of the Bishop was covered in black, and on the gospel side of the mitar a skull and cross-bones bore mute testimony to the abortness of human life.

The casket rested on an elevated bier erected in the center of the church. The black of its covering and the white of its decoration were almost hidden in the masses of flowers. Such a profusion of these fragrant testimonials of the affection of a bereaved people has been seldom seen. Crosses in carnations and margnerites, branches of roses and leis of ilima and mails alike were cast in artistic profusion on the terraces of the bier and about its base. At the foot of the dead hung a wreath in the tri-color of France, his native land, to which his memory turned priests preceded the hearse, which was even at the last, and which divided his drawn by four black horses. The first affections with the tropic land of his carriage directly behind the hearse was

of the fragrant flowers, it threw into high relief, as well, the draped casket, on which rested the mitre of the Bishop officials were in carriages. and the golden crook, symbol of the office which he had so long decorated.

whose memory will be kept green in tives of the two nations whose subjects to such great degree make up the church, M. Antoine Vizzavona of France sitting at the left of the altar, the Cathedral, for it was a company and senhor M. De Souza Canavarro of Davison, appeared, followed by the which knows no common creed, wor- Portugal at the right. Behind these ship in no single form, owns no were the pall bearers, while Mr. Coop- lic casket. The pall bearers were Hon. uniform allegiance. Men and women of er, the representative of the Governor, were assembled to do honor to the man and representatives of the Federal ju- Walters, J. F. Eckardt, Brother Berwho as priest, bishop and gentleman diciary and other officials of the gov-tram. ared himself to thousands of Ha- ernment occupied those on the other side. The consular corps, members of the professions, and representative business men of the city gathered in the space reserved about the hier, and the people filled to its capacity the remainder of the church, the galleries and the space about the windows. There was not a foot which was unoccupied.

The service for the dead was read by Pro-Vicar Libert, assisted by Fathers Clement, Stephen, Mathias and Valentin, and the choral portions were rendered by the Brothers of St. Louis College. The mass was followed by the its conclusion, the procession of the people of all the nationalities represpecial service about the bier, and with priests and their attendants was form- sented here. The grave was a cement ed and the body was conveyed from the Cathedral to the tomb.

From the Cathedral to Hotel street, awaiting the termination of the services in the church, the procession was in line, needing only the signal of the marshal, S. J. Salter, to take up the sad march to the tomb. Resting on Hotel street was a platoon of police officers under Captain Kanse and two mounted in command. Behind them was a place left for the Territorial band, under Captain Berger. Then came fifty little girls from the Sacred Heart convent school, under nuns of the order, follewed by graduates and sixty native women wearing black holokus. The boys of St. Francis school came next, and behind them was the Concordia bend, in uniforms of white. The Luxitana Bociety, numbering nearly a hundred Portuguese men, were arranged two by two followed by the San Antonio Society of a hundred men, and the Holy Ghost Society. The members of Damien Council, Young Men's Inelitute, were out in large numbers. The pupils of St. Louis College and the School band were next in line, under Brother Thomas and the faculty. The altar boys, in red cassocks and lace surplices, came next, lending brilliant coloring to the otherwise somber aspect of the procession. One boy carried the Bishop's miter, snother his crozier. another the vessel containing holy water, and still another bore the cenper. Pro-Vicar Libert and all the

where, the lectern, draped in black and for France, and Senhor A. De Souza "Amen," sang the choir; and as the white, being relieved by wreaths of Canavarro, consul for Portugal. Other words died away, lost in the strains of blooms. And while the soft light of members of the consular corps followthe organ, a congregation which filled the candles was shed upon the shades ed, together with Secretary of the Territory Cooper, Adjutant General Soper, and the Governor's staff in dress uniform. Other territorial and Federal

> When finally, about 11 o'clock, the Territorial band, which was stationed opposite the Cathedral entrance, commenced playing the "Dead March in Saul," the thousands of people lining Fort street knew that the church services were over. Soon the ushers, George Sea, F. C. Creedon and Harry pall bearers carrying the heavy metal- finished. S. M. Damon, F. A. Schaefer, Justice A. surrounded by his staff, occupied the Perry, Prince Kawananakoa, John Ena, front row of chairs on the one side John Hughes, F. W. Macfarlane, Dr.

The procession moved slowly along the route to the cemetery, uncovered heads of thousands lining the streets its entire length. The adoration of the beloved Bishop was shown by the hundreds of people who walked the dusty streets to the grave. The various hands alternated in playing the Dead March. Business houses were closed and all workers were given an opportunity to pay their respects to the deceased prelate.

Upon arrival at the cemetery the casket was borne into the grounds by the pall bearers between serried lines of the big black cross in the center of the cemetery. The casket was placed upon the straps, and when Father Libert had sprinkled the casket and grave with holy water and the brothers of St. Louis College commenced the chanting of the service, it was lowered automatically into its last resting place. As it disappeared from view, sobbing was heard. At this point Consul Vizzaofficers, Senior Captain Parker being vons stepped forward and delivered the eulogy in French, the translation of which is as follows:

> Reverend Brothers and Sisters: It is with the most profound respect that I bow down to this newly opened and hallowed grave which awaits the entombment of the head of the French Catholic Mission in Hawaii. I will not undertake to relate the apostleship of the Right Rev. Guistan F. Ropert, for whose loss we grieve today. You knew him as well as I. He was one of that noble phalanx of missionaries who. renouncing everything and giving up family, friends and country forever, have come to the Hawaiian Islands in the past fifty years to spread the faith and teach lessons of inexhaustible charity. Poor they come, poor they live, poor they die.

During the ten years I have spent in Honolulu I have been able to thoroughly preciate Monsispor Guistan Ropert's sindness, uprightness, plety and love of duty as a prince of the church. His otto was everything for others and thing for himself.

It is on account of the noble feelings w of the disease that was to end Hawaii.

"Requiescat in pace," chanted Pro- adoption. Flowers appeared every- occupied by Mons. A. Vizzavona, consul his life, that I, as the representative of France, his mother country, which he so strongly loved until he breathed his last—and he loved with a Breton's heart—and as his sincere and devoted friend, I feel in duty bound to pay to his memory the last testimony of esteem and affection, and also to ask all who were acquainted with him to keep his memory in plous regret and tender remembrances.

Monsignor Gulstan, adleu.

When at last the grave was closed in, Hawaiian women covered the mound with the beautiful floral tributes which had been sent to the Mission by hundreds, the multitude went its way, and the last sad rites were

OBITUARY.

Death of an Old Parishoner of Bishop Restarick.

Mrs. J. A. Barnes who died in this

city on Monday, January 5, was born in Delaware County, New York, in 1827, NEW SILVER SILL of parents whose ancestors came to Massachusetts in 1630. Her maiden name was Currence Bostwick and after her marriage to Mr. J. A. Barnes in 1851, she went at once to live in Delaware, Ohio. In 1888 Mrs. Barnes removed to San Diego, California, where she made her home with her son, Dr. F. J Barnes, until she came to Honolulu in the latter part of 1901 to visit another son. W. P. Barnes, at whose house on Beretania street she died. Mrs. Barnes has, for many years, been deeply in terested in the work of the Episcopa church of which she was a devoted member. From the time she went to Ohio she was identified with St. Peter's Church and at San Diego at St. Paul's Church where Bishop Restarick was rector. She was for years secretary of the Mission Chapter of the Guild and an active member of the Woman's Auxiliary. It was a source of much gratification to her that Bishop Restarick, her old rector, could be with her in her last illness. He administered the Hely Communion to her on Christmas day, and read the burial service over her at St. Andrew's Cathedral on January 5, when she was laid to rest in Nuuanu cemetery. It is intended later to remove the remains to Ohio.

Besides her son here she leaves two others, Dr. F. J. Barnes of San Diego. Dr. Bostwick Barnes of Douglas, Arizons, and a daughter, Mrs. W. D. Cherrington, of Athens, Ohio.

Mrs. Barnes was a woman of marked intellectual ability and had a keen interest in the affairs of the world up to being compelled to redeem the silver, a few days before her death. Her plety as a large quantity of it has been taken was of that deep, quiet kind which made her greatly beloved by all who knew her. May she rest in peace.

A Cough is not a disease, but a symptom. It indicates that the lungs and bronchial tubes are inflamed. This inflammation often leads to pneumonia. The surest way to ward off pneumonia is to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on the first appearance of the cough of cold. It always cures and cures quickit is on account of the noble receivings ity. All dealers and druggists cells it ich inspired him until he felt the Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for

Dry Thin and Falling Hair and Red Rough Hands Prevented by

MILLIONS USE CUTICUEA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying. and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes, for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially to mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Curicura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle. CUTICURA COMMENT, to instantly allay fiching and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. Sold throughout the world. Australian Depotr R. TOWNS & CO., Svdney, N. S. W. So. African Depotr LENNON LTD., Cape Town. "How to have Beautiful Skin, Hair, and Hands," free. POTTER CORP., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Props., CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Winter Cramps and Colic and their attendant disturbances of the bowels only need a few doses of Kickapoo Indian Oil taken internally to cure them. This simple but wonderful preparation can be taken internally as well as externally because its made of healing roots and gums and vegetable oils, not deadly drugs and rancid animal fat. Every household should keep it. **Conquers Cramps and Colic**

" Every winter I have a bad spell with my stomach and bowels which has made me lay off from work about 2 weeks generally. Up to this year I have had to wear it out as the doctors didn't seem to size up my trouble right. When my annual attack began this winter I bought some Kickapoo Indian Oil and used it according to directions and in 3 days I was at work and feeling fine. A 25 cent bottle of your Kickapoo Indian Oil saved me a week and a half's wages."-Frank Bacon, St. Paul, Minn.

25 cts. a Bottle at all Druggists

IN THE TREASURY

There is less than \$100,000 of Hawaiian silver in the Territorial treasury which can be sent to the mint for recoinage into United States coins. Treasurer Kepoikai said yesterday that the total amount of silver on hand was \$89,000, which included also American coins. Besides this, however, there are \$16,000 in Hawaiian quarters which have never left the treasury since their coinage. Altogether, Treasurer Kepoikai estimates the amount of Hawaiian silver in circulation at less than \$900,-

Originally there was coined \$1,000,000 at the San Francisco United States mint, under an act of the legislature passed in 1880. This permitted the coinage of dollars, half dollars, quarters and twelve and a half cent pieces. The law as passed gave authority also for the coinage of gold coins up to double eagles.

The contract for the bullion was given to Claus Spreckels, and he is said to have made a neat profit off of it. There were coined \$500,000 in dollars, \$350,000 in half dollars, \$125,000 in quarters, and \$25,000 in dimes. A few years ago all the dimes were gathered in by a syndicate, which held them for coin collectors. Now the dimes are said to be worth 40 cents spiece. A similar attempt was made to corner the 25 cant pieces, but it was abandoned because of their great number and the fact that 64,000 quarters were always retained in the treasury. The Territory, of course, is ahead by not from circulation, variously estimated at from \$60,000 to \$100,000.

Grumbling Will Cease if Hono- present. lulu People Follow This Advice.

Backache is the first grumbling warn

The kidneys give it, if you heed it

Look out for trouble, it will surely

Urinary trouble, kidney trouble and many miseries. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are

made for kidneys only. They cure every form of kidney ill.

The experience of Honolulu people

Here's a case in point.

Mr. F. Metcalf, of this city, gives us the following information: "I was afflicted with a painful feeling in my back for over five years. The various remedies resorted to did me no good, until, falling in with the advice of a friend (Mr. W. J. Maxwell), I procured at the Hollister Drug Co.'s some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pilla. I had hardly finished taking them when the pain left me altogether, and I now feel: the terrible suffering I underwent formerly. By keeping a box of the pills: in the house I am fortifled against any possible return of my complaint at future times. It seems almost miraculous that the pains should have vanished so speedily. All sufferers from backache should get some of Doan's

Backache Kldney Pilla. Doan's Backache Kidney Pilis are sold by all druggists at 50 cents a box, six boxes for \$2.50, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawailan Islanda

WORLD'S NEWS CONDENSED

Admiral Dewey is in Porto Rico.

The House has passed the pure food

Earl Rosslyn was fleeced by sharpers on an Atlantic steamer.

Admiral Wildes has been ordered

iome from the Asiatic station. Denmark was swept by a storm that

did enormous damage. Thousands of lives were lost in the

indijan, Russian Asia, earthquake, Rockefeller gave a million dollars to

Chicago University for a Christmas Dr. Davidson may become the arck-

bishop of Canterbury to succeed Dr. Temple, deceased.

Mascagni's company has disbanded. Mascagni has been arrested on a charge of embezziement

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU. Tuesday, Jan. 8. E. S. Zeglandia, Dowdell, from San

Prancisco, at 7:30 a. m. Wednesday, Jan. 7. Stor. Mikahala, Gregory, from Kaual

Br. sp. Clan Macpherson, McDonald, Bloop Kalulani, from Pearl Harbor. Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, from Kitowing disabled steamer Wal-

Thursday, Jan. 8. Tug Kaena, from Pearl Harbor.

DEPARTED FROM HONOLULU. Tuesday, Jan. 6. Bink Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and

way ports, at noon. Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maul

Strer. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, for Manal ports, at 5 p. m. Wednesday, Jan. 7. Star. Hawail, Nelson, for Molokal,

Mant and Lanai ports. Strer. Kauai, Bruhn, for Lahaina, Kanagali and Punaluu, at 5 p. m. Steer, Ke Au Hou, Tullett, for Kaual ports, at 5 p. m. Thursday, Jan. 8.

by Star of Bengal, Henderson, for Port Townsend, at 11 a. m. Star, Mikahala, Gregory, for Kauai porte, at 5 p. m. Minr. Alaskan, Banfeld, for Kahulul **威者沙, 在**

SAILING TODAY. Zealandia, Dowdell, for San Tracisco, at soon. String J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahe purts, at 7 a.m.

Ship Marion Chilcott, Nelson, for San Ship S. D. Carleton, Amesbury, for the Sound in ballast.

DUE TODAY. O. and O. S. S. Coptic, Rinder, from San Francisco.

Stine, Ke A. Hou, from Kaual. Stine, Mauna Loa, from Maui, Kona md Kau ports.

REXT MAIL FROM ORIENT. fan 12.—Per S. S. Gaelic from Yoke-NEXT MAIL FROM COLONIES.

Jan. 12 Per S. S. Ventura. NEXT MAIL TO COAST.

Today, Per S. S. Zealandia for San Francisco at noon.

PASSENCERS. Departed.

Fer stmr. Kinsu, Jan. 6, for Hilo-William, Notley, David Kauahipouli, Whitehouse and wife, T. E. Wall, L. Warren, W. O. Smith, W. E. Skimmer, J. M. Hoss and wife, S. D. Poole, D. M. Ross, J. K. Notley, D. F. Notley, H. A. Bigelow, Mrs. M. Hughes, W. E. Bigner, Mrs. M. K. Notley, Mrs. L.M. Barnard, S. Schwitzer, L. M. Charles Notley, Miss Angus, Misa M. A. Hughes, Miss C. M. K. Notley, Miss L. Netley, Mrs. McCubbin, Mrs. I. Roearle and 3 children, W. J. Robinson, F. E. Thompson and wife, Miss Wery, T. Eurtado, Alee Lindsay, Jr., H. R. Hencock, T. R. Keyworth, Mrs. L. Like, Mrs. J. A. Akana; for Hana: H. Howell; for Mahukena: L. Tabriner. H. Dodge, James B. Laing, E. Lengtheim and wife; for Makena: Mrs. Two children; for Kawaihae: Mrs. Frank Woods, Mrs. Carl Widemann, Charles Notley, W. A. Kinney; for Lau-Maries N. Nelson.

Per stmr. Claudine, Jan. 6, for Kaigh C. C. Perkins, H. P. Baldwin, He R. Arro, J. H. Painter, Mrs. J. S. Hana: Dr. McMillan; for Lahaina:

PREPARING TO FEED THE OIL-BURNERS

The Union Oil Company is pushing to work of preparing to handle big ittities of fuel oil as fast as possi-Taey are laying a pipe line from Iwilet to the maker side of the coal where in order to connect the berth of this oil vessels with the tanks and in the work of constructing the latter I Iwilei. A new fank is now nearly

priate for their extension and repair. Yesterday the old hulk, Kaimiloa, Exemerly Hawaii's proud man-of-war, was harded in from the stream to a herth in the inner dock of the new **Hackfel**d whari, and tanks will be sheed in her at once in order that she ing through of this system of preparing carry oil from the pipe line to work for the legislature and the memthis way oil-burners can be discharg- it are of opinion that there will be no me their cargoes one one side, while the half will come alongside the vessel aration of the bills necessary to accom- First Party. Second Party. Class. the opposite and fill her bunker- plant and the objects aimed at in the A. M. Caldeira—Gil Cabral...... D

Execution for Two Steamer Skippers Captain "Tom" Dowdell will rush Zealandia back to the Coast just as that old steamer is able to the to transfer and take charge of the many passengers but few troops. Albinech on her next trip to Honolule, Captain Herriman, the popular Alamoda skipper of the past, has been appointed to the command of the Sonoma in succession to Captain Van Oteren- passed in at Port Townsend on Decem- P. Kalaloa-8. J. Kalaloa...... D who has retired after long serv- ber 27. see with the Oceanic Company.

Bate: prise Making Time.

The oil-burner Enterprise arrived at gian bank Excelsion arrived at Port Sem Francisco on December 27, after : Townsend on December 27. a mood round trip to Hilo. She made the down journey in eight days three enfil one-half bours, and the return Summier to San Francisco in seven days and twenty-two hours.

Ohfer to Foul Oil Rafora,

Waterfronters in San Francisco are edjecting to the refuse thrown overheard from vessels burning oil, on the Muse and small bosts.



Makes the bread more healthful.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

WAIALEALE BROKE SHAFT AT KILAUEA

ROYAL BAILING POWDER CO., NEW YOR

The Inter-Island company's steamer schr. William Nottingham, Walaleale while entering Kilauea, Kalare, for Port Townsend, at 8:15 a.m. uai, on Tuesday from Honolulu broke her shaft and was brought into Honolulu yesterday afternoon in tow of the steamer Ke Au Hou which was at Kapaa at the time the Waizleale met with the accident.

As the steamer was entering Kilanea at slow speed Captain Mosher signalled to the engineer to go astern and in carrying out this order the shaft broke in the sleeve. There was no other damage, and a telephone message was at once sent to the Ke Au Hou asking that followed him, but the sailors seemed vessel to tow her to Honolulu.

Captain Tullett took the Ke Au Hou to Kilauea and left there with the Wai- entered the boat. Captain McDonald aleale in tow at 6:05 p. m. Tuesday, arriving here, after a smart job of towing had been performed, at 3:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The Walaleale against the side of the vessel, stove a Co Ltd; D; 25 ft right of way across Kona, Hawaii. was of course unable to discharge her hole in it. The boat, of course, took pes land, Hookena, S Kona, Hawaii; freight and brought it back to Honolulu while the Ke Au Hou also had to almost impossible to manage it, but the bring some of her outward freight back five brave men handling it stuck to Railway Co Ltd; D; 25 ft right of way here but left port again yesterday aft- their work and finally reached the life across pcs land, Keei 2. S Kona, Haernoon to discharge it at her regular ports of call and get a return cargo.

A new shaft will be placed in the Waialeale immediately. ---

WILL MAKE UP BILLS.

(Continued from Page 5.) In the view of many of the members the pronouncement of the party on labor is second only, and efforts will men had to reluctantly give, up the be made to secure the passage of laws search and return to their vessel. which will reserve for Hawaiians all Every man was wet to the skin, the labor upon the public works, and which seas were pouring over the boat, and there was danger that they might not will also make it impossible for the native people to be discriminated against in the lines of endeavor for which they are peculiarly fitted. In the list of en. of the boat. They lay on the vessel's actments which are proposed will be aboard the vessel to furnish any means in eight-hour law.

subject of a measure which it is hoped ready to swamp the boat alongside will secure careful and complete consideration. The measure will be drawn a level with the rescners' boat. Get carefully after the county bill has been ting as close as possible to the ship passed upon, so that it will be in ac- the men watched their chances and as cordance with the provisions of the act the rail of the ship plunged into the and the reform of the system is contemplated by the men who have the board. It took some time for this opmatter in hand.

Among the provisions which will be prepared for insertion in the appropriation bills will be clauses which will proards of the Territory at Kalaupapa as well as for homes for the non-leprous children of leper parents.

ture will send to Congress recommendalic buildings and improvements of the then proceed to Tacoma, where she harbors and lights be granted.

The matters of schools and highways Kingdom. will come under the province of the The second mate of the vessel has counties, when the bill providing for been ill throughout the voyage, and his 1996-J. B. Rohrer 150 quently there will be no need for extended Territorial consideration of im- REAL ESTATE provements. In the event of the seemmetal is pounding metal pretty fast ing danger that there will be any delay in the taking effect of the measure the legislature will be asked to appro-

> The members of the Central Committee will be asked at the next meeting to provide a committee for the carry- C. S. Desky-Alex. Young......./ D difficulties attending the speedy prepplatform of the party,

Transport Sharidan Coming.

body, is expected to arrive here on January 8 from San Francisco on her

King Cyrus at the Sound.

The schooner King Cyrus, on her way from Honolulu to Puget Sound pary 6, 1903:

Barks Arrived at Sound The bark C. D. Bryant and Norwe-

Amy Turner Beturning,

San Francisco on December 28 for Hilo.

Toothache is a severe test of a man's philosophy. A simple remedy is to sat- kul. 152, Kohololoa, Honolulu, Oshu, eris proveyed by said mortgage will ed as follows: urate a piece of cotton with Chamber- Consideration \$230. lain's Pain Balm and piace it in the cavity of the affected tooth. One appli- Wilhelmine Dowsett, D., R. P. 2225, kul. ground that it leaves the harbor in a cation gives relief. Try it. All dealers \$550, Honuago, Keu, Hawaii. Considmay condition, beemirching mooring and druggists sells it Benson, Smith eration \$250. & Co., Lto., agents for Hawail.

THEY FOUGHT DEATH OFF CAPE HORN

The British ship Clan Macpherson. McDonald, which arrived from Antwerp yesterday, brings a story of tragedy and heroism in an incident of the voyage while rounding the Horn. A Scotch apprentice boy lost his life by falling from the rigging of the vessel into the sea, and Mate shaw, an Irish boatswain, and two Chilean sailors made a brave attempt at rescue. but failed.

The Clan Macpherson had a fairly good voyage until reaching the Horn. where, on October 31, she struck a heavy gale, hall squalls and a villainous southwest see. Just as the gale was coming on, and as the ship was rolling dangerously, men were sent aloft to loosen the fore-topsail. Among those who went up was William Todd, a 16, year-old apprentice. The work was completed and the young Scotchman made an effort to reach the deck. In stepping from the lower topsail yard to the top mast rigging he missed his hold and his companions were herrified as they saw his body twirling down towards the deck. He fell on the lower rigging, the fall breaking two rat lines. about ten feet above the vessel's rail, and then was swept off into the sea.

Quickly a life-buoy and a line were thrown to him. He caught hold of the line and held on for a few seconds, but with every roll of the ship his arms were nearly jerked from their sockets. and he finally had to let go.

Meanwhile a life boat was being launched. The boatswain was the first to risk his life in the boiling sees by clambering into the boat. Mate Shaw to stand aloof from the risk until two Chilean sailors made a rush and also gives these latter great praise for their bravery. As the boat was launched, waii; \$1, etc. the seas caught it, and driving it hard in large quantities of water, and it was 31. etc. buoy that had been thrown to the waii; \$1, etc. drowning boy. The tanks of the boat kept it affoat, but on reaching the buoy the hardy men found that the Scotch lad was nowhere in sight. by this time they were two miles away from the ship, which was also laboring heavily in the sea. They continued their search for over-an hour, and finally gave jup hope of finding the young apprentice. " Darkness would come on soon and the

be able to reach the ship. After hard work they got slongside and took a line, which was fastened to the prow of getting on board, as the big ship The system of taxation will be the was rolling and at each turn seemed As the vessel rolled, the lee rail went down to the water, and was thus put on water they dumped for it, and being grabbed by their fellows were safe on eration, and when an attempt was made to haul the damaged life boat on board the prow was torn out and It

about as mixed a lot as ever entered this port on one vessel. They were Bills alone will not occupy the time shipped in Antwerp, and are made up of the legislators, but there will be of men from Chile, Holland, Germany, United States, Ireland, and Scotland

tions that Hawaii be erected into a st her cargo of 2,500 tons of coment and state, and urging that the needed pub- phosphate at the Railway wharf and will discharge the remainder and will fead a cargo of wheat for the United

their erection is passed, and conse- place has been filled by the boatswain.

TRANSACTIONS

List of deeds filed for record January

First Party. Second Party. Class W. J. Lowrie-C. S. Desky..... D C. S. Desky-C. S. Desky..... D M. A. and F. K. Pa et al.-M. J. Whitford D List of deeds flied for record Jan-

nary 5, 1903: Nalani et al.—A. Kalawajanui.... D

Luka et als.-D. Kapohakimohewa D M: E. Clark et al.—E. D. Tenney, S. W. Nawshie-C. S. Bond...... D

Trustees Gear, Lansing & Co.-J. E. Berrey'. D List of deeds filed for record Jan-

G. Goodman-A. J. Lopes..... D F. A. Robelro-A. J. Lopes..... D

Aliona, D., pc. land Waiohinu, Kau, Hawaii. Consideration \$1000.

sideration \$500. Dowsett Co., Ltd., et al. to Oahu Rafi-

Dec. 22.-8. H. Hullhee and wife to

tion \$650. Harng Cn (firm) to F. Medcalf, Tr.,

Consideration \$1. Estate of Ah Chu, by Assignee, to the said property, belonging. Hilo Mercantile Co., Ltd., D., por. lot cash, deed at purchaser's expense. 166 Volcano Road, Pune, Hawail. Con-

The second secon

ideration \$515. D. Momona et al. to W. D. Kukaua, Kona, Hawaii. D., int. in pc. land Pauwels, and int. n R. P. 2182, Pauweise Hamakuajos, Maui. Consideration \$150.

G. Kolio (k) to J. A. Paakiki (w), int. in R. P. 940 and int. in kul. 10412, Ahuaioa, Hamakua, Hawaii. Consideration

Schaefer & Co., D., por. Gr. 946, Haina, one-third int. in 2 Aps. of R. P. 7569 Ahualoa, Hamakua, Hawaii. Consideration \$1710.

Estate of C. Akau, by Receiver, to tion \$2600.

J. de Camara and wife to J. J. No briga, D., por. Land Patent 4551, Kaapahu, Hamakua, Hawaii Consideration **597.**50.

K. Wahahuhu (widow) to A. S. Knudsen, D., kul. 8841, Pokil, Waimes, Kauai. Consideration \$350. Dec. 23.-J. F. Kelley and wife to

kiki Road, Honolulu, Oahu. Consideration \$1550. L. G. Kellogg and wife to Mrs. M. E. Clark, D., 25 acres land, Wahlawa, Wai-

Railway Co Ltd; D; 39 ft right of way noon, of said day. across pes land, Kealia 2, 8 Kona, Hawaii; \$1, etc.

alus, Oahu. Consideration \$155.

waii; \$1, etc.

way Co Ltd; D; 25 ft right of way longing. Terms cash, deed at purchasacross pe land, Kauleell, S Kona, Ha-K Nakooka to Kona & Kau Railway

S Kanamu and wi to Kona & Kau

K N Gasper and hab to Kona & Kau Railway Co Ltd; D; 25 ft right of way across pcs land, Keloa 1 and 2, S Kona

Hawaii: \$1. etc. G P Kamaucha and wi to Kona & Kau Railway Co Ltd; D; 25 ft right of way across pes land, Kalamakapala, S

Kona, Hawaii; 11, etc. "FH L Kaheana and wf to Kona & Kau Railway Co Ltd: D: 25 ft right of way across pes land, Keel 1. S Kona. Hawaii; \$1, etc.

British Oratt Lost the Bace.

When the French bark Brizeux and the British ship Norma left Honolulu on December 3 the captain of the latter declared that he could easily beat the Frenchman to the Coast. He failed to do this, however, as the Frenchman reached San Francisco several days in advance of the Norma, which did not arrive at Astoria until December 28.

BY AUTHORITY.

Auction Sale of Delinquent Sugar Stock

ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, at my salesroom, 65 Queen street, Hopolulu, I will cell at went adrif. The boat was then aban- Public Auction by other of the Treasdaned, as Captain McDonald did not urer, Mr. Elmer E. Paxton, the followpehochoe: Rev. R. Kobayashi, Miss Ta- vide for the Ex-Queen and for the wigh to put his crew to any further risk ling Certificates of stock in the Olsa sentiality for the Volcano: Miss Nelson, we stock to recover it. The crew of the Macpherson are ment due October 21, 1902, and delinquent December 21,8 1902, with interest and advertising expenses is paid on or before the day and hour of sale at the offices of The B. F. Dillingham Co., many resolutions as well. The legisla- Sweden, England, the West Indies, the Ltd., Stangenwald Building, Honolulus

1025—Louis S. Geart 1267-W. F. Howard, trustee..... 1572, 1579-1648-Mrs. M. F. Scott. 250 1935—M. F. Scott Honolulu, October 21, 1902. ELMER E. PAXTON.

Treasurer.

JAS. P. MORGAN.

AUCTIONEER.

2448-Dec. 30; Jan. 2, 6, 9.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1902, Mrs. Alice Robinson was admitted as an additional member of the firm of Gay & Robinson, which said firm is now composed of the following persons as copartners:

Mrs. Jane R. Gay, residence, Makaweli. Kauai. Mrs. Helen Robinson, residence, Makawell, Kaual.

Francis Gay, residence, Makaweli Kauai. Aubrey Robinson, residence, Makaweli, Kaual.

Mrs. Alice Robinson, residence, Makavell, Kaual 2450-Jan. 6, 8.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT. Further particulars can be had of W. pursuant to the power of sale contained R. Castle, attorney for mortgages. in that certain mortgage, dated May Dec. 19.—T. Alana and wife to C. L. Kahuluu, N. Kona, Hawali, mortgagor, to the Kona Trading Company of Kaflua, mortgagee, and recorded in the Dec. 23 .- M. Konohiki and husband to Registry office of Oahu, in book 192 on gage consist of: Emma De Fries, D., one-half int. in R. pages 257-268, the said mortgagee, the A house lot on the makes side of Vineprincipal and interest when due.

Consideration \$230.

De Cid : public auction in front of Beginning at a point in the S. E. side Eroma A. De Fries and husband to the result Court House in the town of Vineyard street, distant 191.5 feet S. f 1 lus, Hawaii, T. H., on Saturday, E. from the corner of Lillha and Vine-35 day of January, 1963, at 12 yard streets and running thence ofelers moon of said day.

"he reperty covered by said mort- Buckle Homestand;

E Qual, D., por. let E of E. P. 115. gage consists of a part or parest of land. A & Mills E 15 feet along Bush Volcano St., Hilo, Hawall. Considera- situate at Keelakehe, North Kona, He-Less: more or less and being Lot No. 5 of the of shift Prickle Homestead; Tr. D., real and personal property, homesteads there situate, together with the buildings, appartenances, etc., to yard street to beginning. Terms

For further particulars apply to Ko-

Dated December -, 1902. KONA TRADING COMPANY

Mortgagees. G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagees. 2445-Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 8, 18.

J. A. Paakiki and husband to F. A. MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT of said Kailus, mortgages, and recorded in the Registrar office of Oahu, in petition. book 213 on pages 312 and 313, the said mortgages, the Kona Trading Company, intends to foreclose said mortgage for conditions broken, to-wit: the Amy E. Day, D., lot 11 of Gr. 2789, Wai- non-payment of principal and interest

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction in front of the Circuit Court House in the town of Kailus, Hawaii, T. H.; on Saturday, the Puzikaena and hab to Kona & Kan 24th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock

.The property covered by said morigage consists of a portion of grant No. Railway Co Ltd; D; 25 ft right of way North Kons, and being the property cause until the next February, A. D. across pe land, Kauleoli, 8 Kona, Ha-formerly leased to W. Akau (Ch.) to-1993, Term of this Court. gether with the buildings, appur-Malupo and hab to Kona & Kau Rail- tenances, etc., to the said property be-

ers expense. For further particulars apply to Kona Trading Company, Kailua, North

Dated December -, 1902. KONA TRADING COMPANY,

Mortgagees G. F. Maydwell, Kailua, Hawaii, Attorney for Mortgagee. 2445-Dec. 19, 26: Jan. 2, 9, 16.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated November 1st, 1899, made by Jeese Makainal of Honolulu, Island of Oaku, Territory of said mortgage for conditions broken, to Hawaii, mortgagor, to W. R. Castle, wit, the non-payment interest when due, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in liber 199 on pages 265-267 in the office of the Registrar of mortgage intends to foreclose said F. Morgan, Queen street, in said Hamortgage for condition broken, to-wit, the non-payment of principal and in- January, 1903, at 12 o clock noon of said

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, Territory aforesald, on Saturday, the 10th day of January, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said day,

The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lets, pieces or parcels of land situate at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and bounded and parțicularly described as fellows, to wlti

1. Four lots in Kalibi being Ap. and 13 of R. P. 3280 to Kekuewa and Lots 10 and 14 of R. P. 3606 to Pomaikelani and Ap. 1 of R. P. 1502 on L. C. A. 1540 to Kahulku, making in all 6.60 acres.

2. Premises covered by R. P. 328814 to Mahoe in said Kalihi, covering 2.02 acres.

3. A parcel of land in said Kalihi, being a portion of premises covered by R. P. 681 on L. C. A. 1204 to Kahola, covering .70 of an acre. 4. One lot in the Kekio Tract adjoin-

nited States Ireland, and Scotland. Certi
No. of ing Kapiolani Park in said Waikiki.

The vessel will discharge a portion ficate. Name. Shares and also the houses and other structures upon the said premises in Kalihi, and the said premises in Kekio, and any other part of the said property with the appurtenances to the same appertaining and belonging, said lot in Keklo Tract being Lot 12 as described

> Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchaser. For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Hong-

ulu, T: H. Dated Honolulu, December 15, 1902. W. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE. Mortgagee

2445-Dec. 19, 26; Jan. 2, 9.

TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Wong Shiu King and others to Yee Sing Tle, dated December 7th, 1900, recorded in liber 213, page 490, now held by Lewers & Cooke, Limited, as assignee, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment of both interest and principal.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the share in the Estate of R. W. Holt, dedate of this notice, the property covered by said mortgage will be advertis- other property, the following tracts of ed for sale at public auction, at the land: auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in TION OF FORECLOSURE AND Honolulu, on Monday, the 9th day of Oahn, Apana 34 of Royal Patent 4475, in February, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said L. C. Award 7712, said to contain.....

> Dated Honolulu, January 5th, 1903. LEWERS & COUKE, LIMITED.

Assignce of Mortgagee. The premises covered by said mort-

Ps. 2750, 2757, 7414, Puumaksa, and R. Kona Trading Company, intends to yard street in Honolulu, Oahu, being The bark Amy Turner sailed from P. 2525, Honuapo, Kau, Hawati. Con- foreclose said mortgage for oppilitions lot 2 of the Buckle Homestead prembroken, to-wit: the non-payn, ent of ises, covered by Royal Patent 1985 in L. C. Award 6245 to Kalaeokekol no Kaway & Land Co., D., one-half int. in Notice is kewise given that the prop- lakini, the morigaged lot being describ-

1. 8. 62° 50' W. 83.5 feet along let

Containing 6,496 square feet. 2451—Jan. 9, 16, 23, 30.

na Trading Company, Kailua, North IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.

4. N. 30° 45' W. 75.3 feet along Vine

Franc Robbins Winslow vs. Henry E. Winslow.—Term Summons. The Territory of Hawaii;

To the High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawail, or his Deputy, the Sheriff of the Island of Oahu, or his Deputy: You are commanded to summon

Henry E. Winslow, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court pursuant to the power of sale contained at the August Term thereof, to be hold-Chung Tai (k), D., lot 39 of R. P. 8690, in that certain mortgage, dated Sep en at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Kallua, N. Kona, Hawaii. Consideratember 28, 1900, made by Kallua Kapele Monday, the 4th day of August next, and Wahinekapu of Kallus, North Ko- at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why na, Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, mort-the claim of Franc Robbins Winslow, gagors, to the Kona Prading Company plaintiff, should not be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of her sunexed

> And have you then there this Writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

> Witness Hon. Abram S. Humphreys, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu this 12th day of May, 1902.

> > J. A. THOMPSON,

Territory of Hawaii, Island of Oahu, at I hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original summons in said cause, and that the said Court ordered publication M Manunu and wi to Kona & Kau 1601 of Kanehallua, situate in Mocanoa, of the same and continuance of said GEORGE LUCAS

Clerk of the Circuit Court of the Piret Circuit, Territory of Hawaii. 2441—Dec. 5, 12, 19, 26, Jan. 2 3.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION OF FORECLOSURE AND

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to the power of sale in that certain mortgage, dated September 30th, 1897, made by Meleana Davis and William A. Davis of Walea, South Kona, Island of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, and Hama (k) of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory aforesaid, mortgagors, to W. R. Castle, Trustee, of said Honolulu, mortgagee, and recorded in liver 174 on pages 123-125 in the office of the Registrar of Conveyances in said Honglulu, the mortgagee intends to foreclose wit, the non-payment of principal and

Notice is likewise given that the property covered and conveyed by said Conveyances in said Honolulu, the mortgage will be sold at public aucmortgagee intends to foreclose said tion at the auction rooms of James day.

The property covered and conveyed by said mortgage consists of those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate in the District-of South Kons, Island of Hawaii, Territory aforesaid, and more particularly described as follows:

1st. All of the undivided two thirds interest of said mortgagors in Royal Patent (Gr.) 1586 to Preston Cummings. containing an area of 1371 acres in Wai-

ea, South Kona, Hawaii. 2nd. All of those premises described in Royal Patent 530; Kuleana 16,889; to Nuhl, containing 425 acres, and situate in Kealia 2, South Kona, Hawali, and conveyed to said Meleana Davis by deed of Henry Smith, Commissioner, re-

corded in liber 172 pages 265-366, records of said Registrar's Office. Terms: United States Golf Coin. Deeds at the expense, of the pur

chaser.
For further particulars apply to Smith & Lewis, Judd Building, Hose lulu, T. H.

Dated Honolulu, December 15: 1901. WM. R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE. Morteness 2445 Dec. 1s, 24, Jan. 2, 9.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

In accordance with the provisions of Keklo Tract being Lot 12 as described a certain mortgage sinde by John D. try of Deeds, being part of Apana 2 cember 16th, Jr., to Mary E. Soper, dated De-Land Commission Award No. 5931 to page 150, now held by Waiaus Agricultural Company, Limited, as assignes, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to wit: non-payment

of both interest and principal. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property covered by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Hono-MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN- lulu, on Saturday, the 24th day of Jan-

uary, 1903, at 12 noon of said day. Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, attorney for mortgages. Dated Honolulu, December 13rd, 1968; WAIALUA AGRICULTURAL COM-PANY, LIMITED,

Assignee of Mortgages. The premises covered by said mortgage consist of: 1st. One undivided ninth share in the property and estate of Owen J. Holt,

deceased. 2nd. One undivided twenty-seventh ceased, which estate covers amongst

The Ahupusa of Pasias in Waisins,

ACTES.

The Abupuan of Makaha, Walange, Oahu, Apana 5 of Royal Patent 2242. on L. C. Award 10613, said to contain: Grant 235, Kamananul, Walalua, 26

Grant 228, Kamananul, Walaina, 22.2 acres. Grant 421, Paukauila, Waislus. 190

Grant \$73, Wahiawa, Walalun, 1917 acres. Excepting 40 acres sold Jones. A lot in Waisnae, liber \$, page 222, 26

acres. All of which is now fully set forth in deed to R. W. Holt, liber 16. Interest of said Owen J. Holt in prem-

ises in Grant 1992, Wahiawa, Walalua 186 acres, bovered by deeds recorded in liber 25, page 522 and liber 47, page 176 5946—Dec. 22, 26, 26, Jan. 1, 8, 8, 12, 74. NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Newspaper ARCHIVE®